THE WEATHER.

For Boston and vicinity: Fair to-night and Wednesday; light variable winds.

High water: 7:32 a. m.; 7:57 p. m.

HEARST'S BOSTON AMERICAN

THE TWENTIETH CENTURY NEWSPAPER

NIGHT EDITION

VOL. 2—No. 84. 10 PAGES BOSTON, TUESDAY, JUNE 13, 1905.

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10 PAGES PRICE ONE CENT.

RECEIVER REPORTS UBERO COMPANY PAID BORGES AND WIFE THOUSANDS FOR NOTHING

MYSTERY IN STOCK ROBBERY

Colonel Comstock's Story of $120,000 Theft Is Being Investigated.

DETECTIVE IS AT WORK

The remarkable story told by Colonel Henry W. Comstock as to how he was mysteriously robbed of more than $120,000 worth of negotiable securities on the Fall River steamer, Puritan, on his way from New York, Sunday night, was retold to-day by the old miner for the benefit of Detective James Vallally of the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad who came to this city to look into the matter.

Colonel Comstock said that he had the bonds in a large leather pocket book, and that after he went to his stateroom on the steamer the maid called to help him, as he is a cripple. He said that he gave the maid the pocket book, remarking that it contained valuable papers, and told her to put it under his pillow. She did so, he says. He intended to remain awake all night, but finally lay down and fell asleep. When he awoke the pocket book and bonds were gone.

Son Doubts Robbery.

A dispatch from Denver, where the Colonel is well known, says that the Colonel's son, Charles W. Comstock, does not believe his father could have had any such sum with him. He is not considered wealthy in Denver.

"I may know to-day what will be done," said Colonel Comstock to a BOSTON AMERICAN reporter. "Twice I talked by telephone with the thief or his agent. He said he was in New York, but I suspect that he was nearer, perhaps in Rhode Island.

"Will You Give $1,000?"

"I was about to retire when the second telephone call came last night. 'Have you decided to recover the securities and how much are you willing to pay?' was asked.

"'How much do you want?'

"'Will you give $1,000 for the safe return of the securities?'

"'Perhaps so.'

"I knew," interjected Colonel Comstock, "that it would cost me more than $1,000 to obtain a release of the securities and anyway was glad to temporize.

"It is not true that I guaranteed protection to the thief, or that I even promised not to prosecute.

"I told the lawyer, or whoever he might be, that I would have further communication with him in about eighteen hours. In the meantime, I have instructed my New York attorneys to investigate to the fullest the cost of release of the necessary bonds, and if I find that it can be safely and cheaply done I shall allow the thief to retain his loot.

Securities Not All Taken.

"Had the thief been more persistent he might have obtained a larger amount of securities. There was another bundle in my valise that was not touched.

"The reason that I travelled alone with the valuable packages at first and my secretary was busy with details of business in Boston, and secondly, that in my hurry from New York to Poughkeepsie and then to Boston I had no opportunity of transmitting the papers through the usual channels, and so was compelled to carry them because they must be delivered in Boston at once, according to a deal just made by me.

"I have received letters of congratulation that I escaped personal injury. I say to you that if I had awakened to find that thief in my stateroom I should have taken all chances, crippled though I am, and would have given him a tussle. Perhaps it is fortunate that I did not awaken because he must have been a dangerous man to enter at my window and commit the robbery.

"About twelve years ago an effort was made to rob me. I was dogged for days, but escaped. I had something of the same feeling on my steamboat trip the first night after seeing an evil-faced man furtively watching me. I caught his eye several times and saw him near me whenever I was out of my stateroom."

Detectives Are Busy.

James Vallally, chief of the detective force of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad, and a former detective sergeant of New York, in conference with Chief Watts to-day on the loss of the Comstock securities. As the theft was on a Fall River boat it comes within the jurisdiction of the local police force. Mr. Comstock has been asked to join in another conference with the detectives.

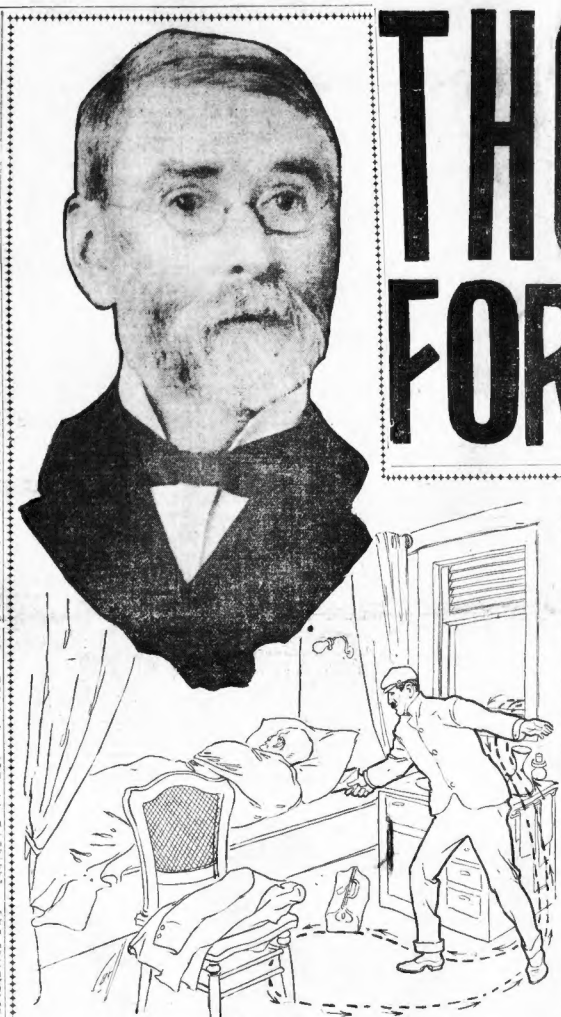
Colonel Comstock, who is a cousin of George Comstock, the discoverer of the famous Comstock lode, is a veteran prospector and miner of the West. Up to eight years ago, when his health began to fail, he had been for some time in Colorado engaged in mining. Since then he has made his home in this city, where he is well known. For six months he has been engaged in the deal whereby he was to sell a mine he owns in Colorado, and it was for the purpose of completing the deal that he went to New York last week.

$50,000 FOR SWARTHMORE.

PHILADELPHIA, June 13.—Dr. Joseph Swain, president of Swarthmore College, announced that Morris L. Clothier of this city, a member of the class of 1850, has given $50,000 to endow a professorship in physics. This gift is a part of the $500,000 endowment undertaken three years ago, and of which only $6,500 is yet to be obtained.

NAMES NEW DEPUTY.

ROCKLAND, Me., June 13.—Warden Norton of the State prison has appointed Charles A. Pierce of Thomaston deputy warden in place of Arthur C. Wyman.



HOW COMSTOCK SAYS THE THIEF STOLE THE SECURITIES.

H. W. COMSTOCK AND HOW HE SAYS HE WAS ROBBED.

NINTH ARREST MADE IN ALLEGED FRAUD CASES

Nine arrests in connection with alleged illegal registration, and more to come, have stirred up the Democrats of Cambridge. They charge that the arrests are at the instigation of the non-partisan people and that when the cases are brought to trial there will be no evidence to substantiate the charges.

The ninth arrest was made to-day when James P. Crowley, a painter who lives at No. 67 More street, Cambridge, came to the East Cambridge jail and gave himself up. He had learned that there was a warrant out for him.

Threats are made that the Democrats will be able to turn around and present some evident to the next Grand Jury which will result in indictments against members of the other party.

Of the nine men arrested three have appeared before the Superior Court and been held in $1,000 for trial, with the exception of John J. Morris, against whom there were three counts, and whose bail was fixed at $1,000.

Charged to Politics.

It is generally understood in Cambridge that the present indictments and arrests grew out of the contest which was waged at the last election between former Mayor John H. H. McNamee and Mayor Augustine J. Daly. Besides the men now awaiting trial there are several others whose cases were taken from the jury because one of the jurors had been approached. It was while gathering evidence against the men first arrested, it is said, that the police discovered what they claim was evidence against the last arrested and which was presented to the Grand Jury.

Lawyer Daniel H. Coakley, who is counsel for James A. Montgomery, superintendent of parks, and John Keane, two of the first men arrested, says that it is preposterous that his clients should have been taken. He says that Mr. Montgomery simply testified before the registrars that to the best of his knowledge and belief a man had his residence on the 1st of May in a house where Mr. Montgomery knew he had resided for ten years.

Offers $75,000 for Bail.

To this statement Mr. Keane added his testimony. It turned out that the man for whom they vouched had been arrested and was not at home on the first day of May. Mr. Coakley maintains that bail of the evidence in the case been presented to the Grand Jury in this case that there would have been no indictment.

George F. Meyrahan of Monument avenue, Charlestown, has gone bail for the men arrested, and says that he is ready to the extent of $75,000 to furnish bonds for all who may be arrested.

TAFT EXAMINES ASPHALT BOOKS

Finds That Minister Loomis Deposited Equivalent of $5,000 with Company.

WASHINGTON, June 13.—Secretary Taft has examined the books of the New York & Bermudez Asphalt Company for the period when Francis B. Loomis was American Minister to Venezuela.

The books showed that Mr. Loomis had deposited with Mr. Bean, then resident agent of the company in Caracas, the equivalent of $5,000. A check for $5,000 paid to Mr. Loomis was also produced.

Both Mr. Bean and Mr. Loomis have testified that this transaction was simply entered into to enable Mr. Loomis, then about to go to the United States, to change his Venezuelan money into American currency without paying an exorbitant rate of interest.

Secretary Taft later decided to temporarily adjourn the investigation and left Washington for the West

Charges Affairs of Rubber Company Were Badly Mismanaged and Claims Big Amounts Were Paid as Commissions That Were Not Earned.

The first report of Hugh W. Ogden and Jeremiah Smith, receivers for the Ubero Plantation Company, was filed to-day with the clerk of the United States Court. It says the company has been grossly mismanaged, that the assets are very small in proportion to liabilities, and that the officials have been lax in their work.

The receivers ask the court for leave to employ counsel to recover "assets from officers of the company who have wrongfully expended them." The report shows that Ferdinand E. Borges and his wife, Lillian Borges, received thousands of dollars in commissions for the sale of the stock of the company, yet no work was ever done upon it.

It is also shown that the La Puerta Plantation Company of Indiana, which Borges and W. B. Owen formed, was used as a receptacle for the Ubero's moneys, large sums having been paid the La Puerta Company for lands of small value.

EACH HAD ONE SHARE.

In their report the receivers say: "After considerable difficulty in obtaining information, the examination of books and reports and papers, the receivers of the company have been able to get at the main points of the company's affairs. The Ubero Company was organized under the laws of Maine in August, 1900, with a capital of $1,000,050. The capital stock was issued in 6,007 shares, with a par value of $150 each. The officers were Ferdinand E. Borges, Frank N. Clark and Calvin P. Sampson.

"These men each had one share. After electing themselves a board of directors they voted to pay the La Puerta Plantation Company of Indiana $450,000 for 3,000 acres of land in Mexico, for which $10,000 would have been a high price. Three hundred thousand was to have been paid to this La Puerta Plantation Company for the work of cultivating, which could have been done for less than half that amount.

SALARIES FOR BORGES.

"On November 12, 1900, a vote of the directors gave to Ferdinand and Lillian Borges a salary of $150 a month and 5 per cent. commission on all sales of stock.

"Having organized the corporation and voted contracts to pay away the greater part of the stock subscribed, the promoters set about getting prominent names to carry weight in the board of directors.

"The total amount received by the corporation from the date of its inception, to April 1, 1905, was $571,057.02, of which $16,091.01 was refunded, leaving the net receipts $554,945.98. The books showed no other receipts.

"The expenditures of the company on record are: Paid to the La Puerta Plantation Company under development contract, $145,983.05; paid to La Puerta Company and charged to account, $134,423.61; paid to Miller and Ansell for work on plantation and charged to La Puerta Plantation Company, $40,000; paid for commission on sale of stock, $98,717.57, paid for other running expenses, about $115,000.

ACCOUNTING REFUSED.

"The receivers have asked an accounting from the La Puerta Plantation Company of Indiana, which has been refused. The only way to secure such an accounting will be through resort to the courts.

In their report the receivers say the total amount expended upon the property in Mexico by the La Puerta Company does not exceed $200,000. It is not believed that as much as $100,000 has been expended yet as ascertain the exact amount received by the La Puerta Company, but since $75,000 was returned by this company to the Ubero, with the statement that it had been earned through the sale of spleen. That $70,000 was used to pay dividends. Reports show that the La Puerta Company paid at least forty-five per cent. dividends.

Amounts paid as commission for the sale of stock of the Ubero company include $20,-289.16 to Ferdinand E. and Lillian Borges. Other items are $48,000 in salaries, $38,000 for printing and advertising and $14,000 for office expenses. The present condition of the company is:

ASSETS.

Cash on hand	$6,407.08
Assets of plantation	280.00
Office furniture	350.00
Due from La Puerta Company under contracts	Uncertain
Due for payment for sales of stock about	$45,000.00

LIABILITIES.

Lease of premises at No. 8 State street	$41.62
Boston Ice Company	2.50
W. L. Gilbert Clock Company	6.10
Old Colony Trust Company	50.00
Ferdinand E. Borges	1,000.00
Lillian Borges	25,30.84
W. D. Owen	2,240.12
Notes payable to La Puerta Plantation Company on contract	60,125.00

Regarding the money due for sales of stock the receivers say: "These subscriptions were largely obtained upon representation false in material particulars. The receivers do not regard these assets of any value."

90-CENT GAS NOW ASSURED

Trust Accepts Act and Consolidated Company Will Soon Begin Business.

CAPITAL OF $15,000,000

The gas consolidation act passed by the last Legislature has been accepted by the Gas Trust. This means that Boston Consolidated Gas Company will commence business in the near future, and that 90-cent gas is assured for Boston.

James L. Richards, president of the eight Boston gas companies which are to be included in the Boston Consolidated Gas Company, notified the Massachusetts Gas & Electric Light Commission to-day that the directors have voted to accept the terms of the special Legislative act.

The acceptance by the Gas Trust of the terms of the new gas bill was generally anticipated, but was necessary before it could be legally certain that the gas business in Boston was hereafter to be conducted along lines of reasonable fairness to the public.

Instead of about $26,000,000 of capital, the Boston Consolidated Gas Company will have only about $15,000,000, and out of this must pay the $6,000,000 of debts of the constituent companies. This result was obtained only after a long and strenuous struggle, in which the BOSTON AMERICAN took the lead.

DEATH WATCH FOR MARY ROGERS TO-DAY

DOOM NOW SEEMS SETTLED, AND SHE WILL NOT BE ALONE UP TO TIME OF EXECUTION.

Special to the Boston American.

WINDSOR, Vt., June 13.—Mary Rogers will no longer be alone in her room in the State Prison after to-day. Her execution is now but ten days off, and the death watch, unless something occurs to change the present plans, will go on duty to-day or to-night.

A woman, one of the assistants to Matron Durkee, will enter her room and sit with her. Morning, noon and evening she will sit with her. At night she will be relieved and another will sit in the ward, while Mrs. Rogers sleeps in the cell that opens into it.

This posting of the watch will be the first warning the prisoner will have of the fact that her case is now regarded as hopeless. According to the present plans of Superintendent Lovell, Sheriff Peck and Matron Durkee, it will be the last until Attorney Moloney, the prisoner's counsel, comes to break to her the news that she is certainly to die.

Whether Mrs. Rogers will realize that the presence of the women in her room means her impending death, no one can tell. When she was to die in February she was transferred to a death cell and a death watch was posted. Week before last this was not done. She will not be moved to a different cell this time, and it is possible that she may not appreciate the significance of the watchers.

Mr. Moloney told me over the telephone late last night that he should not notify her of the approaching end before some time next week. Not until the last hope is gone will he be the bearer of so terrible a message, and he still has hope.

"It doesn't seem feasible that the Governor will have them kill her," he said, "in view of the fact that there is such a sentiment for her to be reared as all the other murderers have been treated during the last thirteen years. I cannot believe it will."

A telephone conference was held last

Continued on 3d page 1st Column

MANCHESTER AND NEWPORT ARE FAVORED

Both Russia and Japan Object to Washington on Account of Its Climate.

WASHINGTON, June 13.—Either Manchester-by-the-Sea or Newport, it seems likely to-day, will be chosen as the place where the plenipotentiaries of Russia and Japan will meet to arrange terms of peace.

Japan does not favor Paris, and Russia objects to Mukden or Chefoo as meeting places. Both oppose Washington for climatic reasons, though neither objects to the choice of an American watering place.

Of the places under consideration in Europe, it is said Russia might accept The Hague. Geneva is also considered, and it would not be objectionable to Japan.

The place for holding the peace conference and the men to be selected as envoys, now that Russia has given official assurance that she will appoint plenipotentiaries in accordance with President Roosevelt's suggestion, are the chief topics of discussion here to-day.

Russia's assent to the peace plan was given when Count Cassini, the Russian ambassador, called by appointment and in the name of Emperor Nicholas formally accepted the President's "offer of good will."

The following official statement regarding the conference was issued at the White House:

"Ambassador Cassini has called to express the Russian government's assent to the President's proposition, and to state that they would appoint plenipotentiaries to meet the plenipotentiaries of Japan to discuss the question of peace. The place of meeting is at present being discussed."

TOKIO REPORTS MORE DEFEATS FOR RUSSIANS

TOKIO, June 13.—It is announced officially at the headquarters of the Japanese army that a detachment of Japanese cavalry succeed in dislodging Russian cavalry in the vicinities of Heiyingtan, six miles south of Lioyangwopeng.

Hsipingling, two miles southwest of Hsipingtan, was occupied.

Another force defeated the Russians near Siaochengtzu, 18 miles north of Kangling, and Kaochiawopeng, two miles northeast of Siaochengtzu.

An eminence was occupied north of Siaopitang, two miles east of Kaochiawopeng and 10 miles west of Liuyangwopeng.

LINEVITCH WIRES CZAR THAT THE WAR SHOULD CONTINUE

PARIS, June 13.—The Temps publishes a telegram which, it asserts, was sent by General Linevitch to the Czar on Saturday. It bears not only the signature of Linevitch, but also those of the corps chiefs.

Linevitch states that on hearing the news that negotiations were about to be opened, he assembled a committee of war which unanimously decided for a continuance of the war. He adds:

"The present is not the moment to speak of peace. After the battles of Mukden and Tieshing, the enemy, intoxicated by their successes, will assuredly exact conditions injurious to the honor of our country.

"However, there are no reasons to grant them, for we are not reduced to the last extremity. The positions occupied by our troops are excellently defensive.

"Rainy weather has prevented me from taking the offensive, but even now the losses at Mukden are comparatively repaired and our armies have been reinforced by new corps from Europe. I feel myself in a position to hold my own successfully against the enemy.

"I hope in the course of the present month to be able to assume the offensive, which will completely change the aspect of affairs.

"I repeat it once more, Your Majesty can have entire confidence in the force and power of our troops, and our position has in no way the critical character which might necessitate the concluding of peace on conditions which would be unfavorable to Russia."

VLADIVOSTOK HEARS OF DEMORALIZATION IN NAVAL BATTLE

VLADIVOSTOK, June 13.—Interviews with naval officers who lived through the battle of the Sea of Japan have developed a startling story of the cause of the Russian disaster, and the complete demoralization which followed the sinking of the flagship Knias Sonvaroff and the wounding of Admiral Rojestvensky.

Many heroic incidents are given, among them being the fate of Captain Semenoff of the Oslabia, who committed suicide as his ship sank, rather than save himself.

It is explained that not a single officer of the fleet knew the commander-in-chief's plans. The admirals in command of divisions knew no more than the subordinates, and had to rely entirely on the signals of the flagship. Admiral Nebogatoff, on whom the command devolved on the destruction of their squadron, was the picture of their misfortunes, and then only for fifteen minutes.

Stories of extensive target practice in Madagascar, it seems, were false. There practically was no training in gunnery, and the big gun practice was confined to three shots at a vessel. Ugly stories are told of the happenings at Madagascar. Some of the crews certainly were unfitted in gunnery, and, exhausted by the eight months' voyage under trying moral and physical conditions, were no match for the veteran Japanese, whose marksmanship was wonderful.

The Japanese concentrated their fire on one ship until she was placed out of action, and then on another ship. Thus, one by one, they disposed of the Russian battleships. The Oslabia, Alexander III and Knias Sonvaroff, after having developed deplorable structural defects. The Oslabia sank without having a single hole below the waterline. Heavy seas rolled the vessel above the water, and the watertight compartments, which were designed several times during the voyage, did not stand the strain, and burst, instead of bottling the vessel over until she turned turtle.

Lack of homogeneity among the ships made it impossible to maneuver in a body. The Vladimir Monomach, Admiral Ouchakoff and Admiral Senavin had to be left behind, on this account becoming easy victims.

Finally the ammunition was exhausted after the first day's fighting. On the morning of the battle, while the buzzing of the wireless instruments on the Russian ships showed that the Japanese scouts were communicating his dispositions to Admiral Togo, Admiral Rojestvensky continued his careless manoeuvring, and when the Japanese appeared the Russians were caught in an impossible formation, and were attacked on three fronts.

The Russian ships were huddled together, blanketing each others' fire. Only the leaders of the columns could bring their guns to bear, and even those the unusual manuvers fired wildly. To rendering matters worse, the mines and floating torpedoes sown in the paths of the Russian ships added to the confusion. The Russian admiral, Nakhimoff and Navarin fell victims to these obstructions.

There were many heroic deeds among the Russians, Captain Berkh of the Imbiahia committed suicide on the ship rather than be himself. There were thousands of other heroes whose names the world will never know.

COURSE PRICES REFLECT HOPE OF LASTING PEACE

PARIS, June 13.—Russian securities had an unprecedented rise of two points on the Bourse to-day on the strength of the peace negotiations which have been initiated.

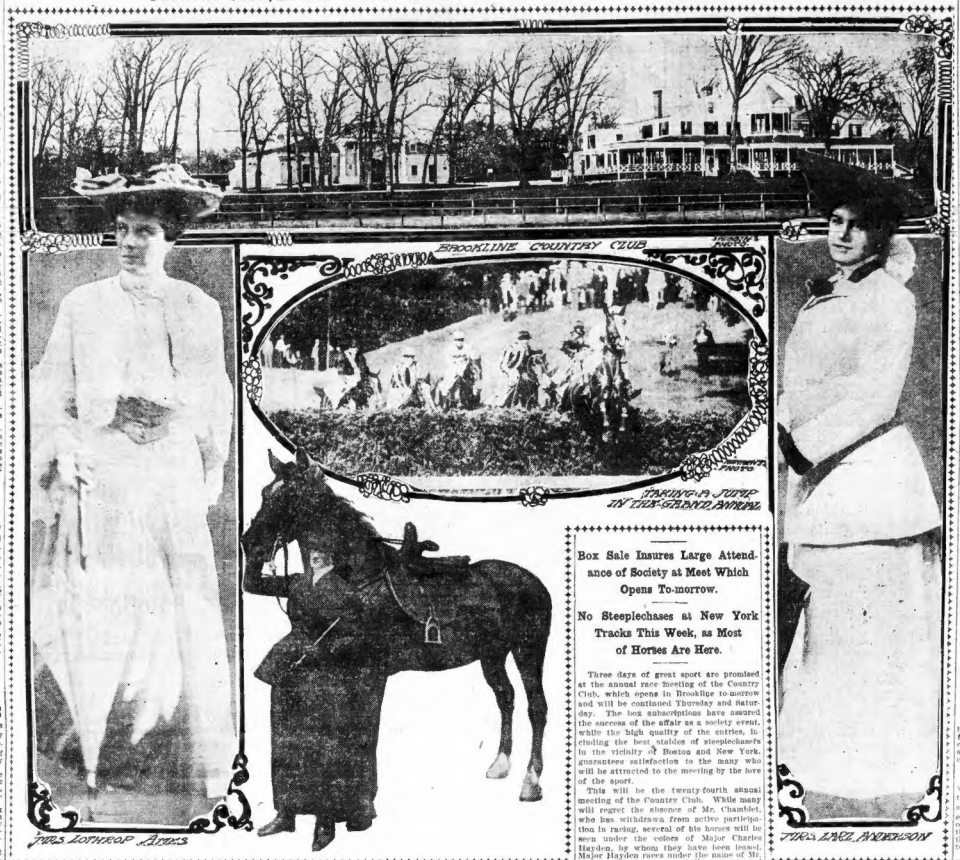
Nevertheless uneasiness is felt in official circles, which a doubt is expressed for the first time as to the success of the peace effort.

Private dispatches, which have been received, have conveyed the impression that Japan is merely pretending to desire peace in order to win the approbation of the world, when, as a matter of fact, she does not want the war to end at this time.

Japan, it is said, has determined to insist upon peace terms which she knows Russia cannot accept and in such an event the meeting of plenipotentiaries will be without result.

NOTED HORSES ENTERED FOR THE RACES AT THE COUNTRY CLUB

COUNTRY CLUB, SCENE AT ONE OF THE JUMPS AND TWO FAIR PATRONS OF RACING



Box Sale Insures Large Attendance of Society at Meet Which Opens To-morrow.

No Steeplechases at New York Tracks This Week, as Most of Horses Are Here.

Three days of great sport are promised at the annual race meeting of the Country Club, which opens in Brookline to-morrow and will be continued Thursday and Saturday. The box subscriptions have assured the success of the affair as a society event, while the high quality of the entries, including the best stables of steeplechasers in the vicinity of Boston and New York, guarantees satisfaction to the many who will be attracted to the meeting by the love of the sport.

This will be the twenty-fourth annual meeting of the Country Club. While many will regret the absence of Mr. Chamblet, who has withdrawn from active participation in racing, several of his horses will be seen under the colors of Major Charles Hayden. Mr. Chamblet's active partnership in Major Hayden races under the name of Mr. Major. His horses generally are reported to have been somewhat backward this spring, but Flying Virginian and Dromsdary are said to be the best of the lot.

Polo Ponies to Race.

So many of the New York owners of steeplechaser stables have made entries at the meeting that while it lasts there will be no steeplechase races on the Metropolitan tracks.

An innovation this year in the races on the flat will be those for polo ponies. The distances will be one-quarter, three-eighths and one-half a mile. These races are the revival of an early custom of the Country Club meetings. A dozen years ago they were extremely popular, and old patrons of the club will recall the pony Bridget that used to beat all others. The Norfolk, Myopia, Dedham and Hunnford polo clubs have made entries and some keen contests are expected.

Among the New York owners who will race at the meeting is Thomas Hitchcock, Jr., who won the Grand Annual last year with Rose Red. Jay Hall, the premier steeplechase jockey, will ride for Mr. Hitchcock. Hall also will ride Pleasure when he won the Champion at Morris Park. At the Country Club he will ride Hylas, Tom Coglan, Jim Newman and Fox Hunter. The last is conceded to be the best he Hylas. He will be a horse to be reckoned with in any race in which Mr. Hitchcock enters him.

Noted Horses Entered.

Joseph H. Widener of Philadelphia has entered Star and Garter, Caligny, Marcian, Patagonian and Telfarre, who will be ridden by Jockey Donahue.

"Mr. Cotton, a distinguished patron of steeplechasing, has a good string of timber-toppers in Whiserey, formerly Pawnbroker, said to be in fine shape, Sunshine After Rain, Jimmy Lane, Gamecock, Knight of Kinsay and Almanack. The last named won a steeplechase June 8 at Gravesend, defeating Jim Newman.

J. W. Cull has entered Lavatore and Sandhorst. Harry S. Page, one of the best known gentlemen riders, has made a number of entries, including Pious Jean and Napoleon. The latter is a son of Napoleon, the gallant son of Meddler, in training at Charles Pittock and William C. Hayes, the latter the owner of the old "chaser" Trillion, both have made some entries. Mr. Cheatland has entered Halford and Flying Buttress, has been ridden by M. C. Cavanagh.

George Lee has been entered by Mr. Frothingham, and Grandpa Soulac by William G. Rice.

Big Events Carded.

Besides the steeplechases there will be the usual number of flat races, of the "scramble" variety, dashes and the like, the first event on the program each day. The chief events in the way of steeplechasing are the Annual and Additional Hunt challenge cup. On Thursday the St. Hubert and the Myopia are raced and on Saturday the stars events will be the Grand Annual and the National Hunt cup.

Following is a list of the box holders: No. 1, Robert C. Hooper; No. 2, Oliver Ames; No. 3, Bryce Allan; No. 4 and 5, Lars Anderson; No. 6, Charles Hayden; No. 7, Eugene B. Thayer; No. 8, C. G. Weld; No. 9, H. H. Hunnewell; No. 10, G. L. Stone; No. 11, E. M. Weld; No. 12, Edwin S. Webster; No. 13, F. L. Hood; No. 14, Hon. Augustus P. Gardner; No. 16, E. H. Clapp; No. 17, A. Henry Higginson; No. 18, Nathaniel Thayer; No. 20, J. W. Kenney.

Boxes have also been reserved for Governor Douglas and Lieutenant-Governor Guild.

Men Mentioned as Peace Envoys

RUSSIA.	JAPAN.
M. WITTE, president council of ministers.	M. KAMURA, minister of foreign affairs.
BARON DE ROSEN.	MARSHAL YAMAGATA, chief of staff.
M. NELIDOFF, ambassador at Paris.	MARQUIS ITO.

CHARGED WITH SLASHING GIRL

Raphael Martinese, the young Italian of Lawrence, who is charged with slashing Angelina Sarcione, a beautiful young Italian girl, about the face, disfiguring her for life, and who was arrested in Providence a few hours later, arrived at police headquarters in this city to-day in charge of Providence officers. He will remain here until taken to Lawrence by officers of that city.

Martinese is said to have confessed. It is alleged that he laid in wait for Miss Sarcione, who is a spinner in the Washington mills in Lawrence, and when she left her work to go to dinner sprang upon her, cutting her with a razor.

LAWYER CHARGES THEFT BY TRICKERY

Julius Mehlinger, forty-one years old, No. 22 Bowdoin street, and Harry A. Hooper, thirty-one, of No. 41 Monroe street, Somerville, have been arrested on the charge of larceny, trickery and deviceFrom E. Eugene Guy, a lawyer of No. 63 Court street. Mehlinger is accused of obtaining $115 and Hooper is said to have gotten $205 from the lawyer. Guy played with a number of men last Winter and Spring and several arrests followed because of his complaints. Frank Marshall and William Hammond were taken into custody on Saturday last, and yesterday Jacob P. Livingston of No. 11 Endicott street gave himself up. He was released under $1,500 bonds. Marshall and Hammond also gave bail.

BOSTON STOCKS.

	Opening	1 p. m.
Allouez	50½	50½
Amalgamated	76½	77
Am. Sugar, pfd.	120½	120½
American Telephone	140	140
American Woolen	26½	26½
American Woolen, pfd.	87	87
Arcadian	12½	12½
Atchison	87	87
Atchison, pfd.	101½	101½
Baggage	2	2
Calumet & Mayo	776	776
Calumet & Hecla	630	630
Cargo Ramp	2	2
Dry Goods	20	20
Dominion Coal	76	76
Dominion Iron	30½	30½
Franklin	14	14
General Sugar	17⅜	17⅜
General Sugar, pfd.	70	70
Gila Royale	16½	16½
Mass.	90	90
Mass. Electric	30½	30½
Mass. Electric, pfd.	91½	91½
Mass. Gas, pfd.	94	94
Mexican	30½	30½
Old Dominion	25	25
Pond Creek	21½	21½
Pope Manufacturing	9⅝	9⅝
Pope Manufacturing, pfd.	60	60
Osceola	92½	92½
Quincy	150	150
Rubber	26½	26½
Shoe Machinery	36	36
Shoe Machinery, pfd.	90	90
Trinity	350	350
United States Steel	36½	36½
United States Steel, pfd.	106½	106½
United Fruit	107½	107½
U. S. Smelting	50	50
Union Pacific	124½	125⅜
Utah	44	44
Wed. Mod.	97	97
Wed. Mod., pfd.	97½	97½
Waterville	100	100

WANTS MORE MEMBERS.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., June 13.—The annual meeting of the grand council of the Legion of the Red Cross began to-day. Samuel J. Beck, supreme commander, presiding. Commander Beck in his address drew attention to the necessity for active efforts to increase the membership.

NAVY LOSES 3 MORE SHIPS AT FORT MONROE

Battleship Texas "Sunk" for the Second Time in War Game.

WASHINGTON, June 13.—A long distance telephone message from Fortress Monroe, Va., says that about 3 o'clock this morning the battleship Texas and two other vessels of Admiral Dickens's fleet appeared off that point and were "sunk" by a vigorous fire from the coast artillery.

According to this report Admiral Dickens has divided his fleet, sending his smaller vessels up the Potomac and using his heavier ships against Fortress Monroe. Reports reaching here state that the squadron of smaller vessels is at Blackistone Island, about seventy-five miles down the Potomac, with torpedo boats and destroyers thrown on the river as scouts to a point ten or twelve miles below Forts Hunt and Washington, and just beyond the range of their guns.

SELECTMAN VIOLATED VERMONT GAME LAW

BENNINGTON, Vt., June 13.—Selectman Perley G. Bacon, of Sunderland, and Frank E. Squires, were arrested for violation of the fish and game laws by County Game Warden Chase. Bacon had four trout less than six inches long and his friend had five. Bacon was fined $21 and costs and Squires was assessed $30.99.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

	Opening	1 p.m.
Amalgamated Copper	80¾	80¾
American Beet Sugar	30	30
American Smelting	115⅝	115⅝
American Smelting preferred	110½	110½
Anchor	100	100
Atchison & Chic.	100⅜	100⅜
Brooklyn Transit	76	76
Canadian Pacific	160½	160½
Central Leather	26	26
Chicago, Great West.	19¾	19¾
Chicago, Great W. 1st pref.	97	97
Denver preferred	97	97
Erie	41	41
Erie 1st preferred	97	97
Erie 2d preferred	87	87
Illinois Central	144½	144½
Louisville & Nashville	141½	141½
Manhattan	154	154
Mexican Central	21¼	21¼
Missouri Pacific	100⅜	100⅜
M., K. & Texas	29⅜	29⅜
Ontario & Western	31⅜	31⅜
Pennsylvania	130⅝	130⅝
People's Gas	101⅝	101⅝
Reading	104	104
Rock Island	29⅜	29⅜
Southern Pacific	63⅞	63⅞
Southern Railway	30⅜	30⅜
St. Paul	172	172
Texas Pacific	24⅜	24⅜
Union Pacific	124⅜	124⅜
Union Pacific pref.	93	93
United States Steel	36⅛	36⅛
United States Steel preferred	106	106

SAY EQUITABLE REFORM MUST BE COMPLETE

New England Policy Holders Declare for Fullest Reorganization.

William H. Whitman, of the New England Policy-Holders' Protective Association and one of the bravest policy holders of the Equitable Company, after an absence in New York of several days, declared to a reporter of the BOSTON AMERICAN' to-day that the association would insist that the reorganization of the company be a complete one.

"What has been done so far," said Mr. Whitman, "is entirely agreeable to the New England association. In a recent meeting the local committee adopted resolutions demanding the resignations of the chief officials who have led in the controversy and they have met with success. Whether the resignation of these officials will be permanent or not I am unable to say.

"The New England committee is satisfied—yes, we are pleased with such men as Grover Cleveland, Judge J. Morgan O'Brien and George W. Wickersham.

Wait for Report.

"I believe, however, that the initial step only has been taken. What may come next is beyond me to predict. The New England committee is waiting for the report of the New York insurance commission. Until then we will not take any action. The next meeting will not be held until that report is received.

"The New England committee will insist that there is a complete reorganization. That reorganization must be right, not for the interest of the policy-holders. If partial proceedings are instituted by any official and the New England committee learn of it we will lose no time in letting the company know of our objections.

"Personally I am one of the heaviest policy-holders in the Equitable Company. Of course I am doubly interested on that account and intend to see that no illegal moves are made.

"The result of the transaction by which the Equitable Company obtained money not its own and intended to see that no illegal moves are made.

"The result of the transaction by which the Equitable Company obtained money not its own and intended to see that no illegal moves are made should be laid bare by State Superintendent of Insurance Hendricks, who has begun an entirely new investigation in his office at No. 11 Broadway.

TRIAL OF CHARLESTON.

Orders have been issued by the Navy Department to have the official trial of the huge protected cruiser Charleston off the New England coast June 28. The vessel will probably put into Boston harbor.

$3,000,000 TO NON-RESIDENT CITY EMPLOYES

Alderman Curley Says 25 Per Cent. of Salaries Paid Goes Outside of Boston.

CITY EMPLOYES AT WHOM RESOLVE IS AIMED

Some of the non-resident library employes of the city against whom the aldermanic resolve is aimed:

Horace G. Wadlin of Reading, librarian, salary $5,000.

Otto Fleischer, Cambridge, assistant librarian, salary $3,000.

Adelaide A. Nichols, Melrose, register, salary $1,500.

Theodosia P. Marsden, Watertown, clerk, salary $1,500.

Edward B. Hunt, Dedham, chief, salary $2,500.

Frank C. Blaisdell, Newtonville, chief, salary $1,500.

Frank DeW. Washburn, Somerville, first assistant, salary $1,000.

James L. Whitney, Cambridge, chief statistician, in library department, $3,000.

Over $3,000,000, or nearly 25 per cent. of the aggregate of salaries paid to city employes, is received by persons who do not reside in the city of Boston. This assertion was made by Alderman James Curley in a board of Aldermen discussion on the order offered by Alderman Linehan requiring the enforcement of Section 12, Chapter 3, of the revised ordinances. This section provides that heads of departments shall employ none but residents of the city, and in the case of male employes, none but legal voters.

Alderman Curley also declared that more than half a million of the amount paid to non-residents is received by teachers in public schools who prefer to reside outside of Boston. The ostensible intention of Alderman Linehan is to prevent the loss to the merchants and others of the city of Boston of the vast sum represented by the salaries of these non-resident city employes which they expend for provisions, rents and other living expenses, it is assumed, in the localities in which they make their homes.

Loss to Boston Trade.

At least a large portion of the total, it is contended, is loss to the trade of the city of Boston in this manner.

Following is the section on which is based the order of Alderman Linehan, which was passed unanimously, requesting Mayor Collins to act:

"Every officer in charge of a department shall employ, fix the compensation of and may discharge for such cause as he shall deem sufficient, and cause to be recorded in the records of the department, all subordinates in his department, but shall employ none but citizens, and if male voters, legal voters of Boston, in any capacity."

Alderman Curley explained that the board could only request the Mayor to enforce the ordinance, as the corporation counsel had advised that the body had no authority to interfere in the hiring of city employes.

"Treat All Alike."

"If a man is employed in the street or water department, he is required to live in the city," he declared. "There is no reason why this rule should not apply to all employes alike. The non-residents are the ones who clamor for rapid transit that they may leave the city more quickly with their salaries and seek other fields in which to spend it.

Nobody can deny that this $3,000,000 spent outside of the city annually would, if expended here, lighten the burden of our municipal taxation materially. Even if the employes now living out of town would apply their purchases in the matter of rent to the city, it would add materially to the wealth of Boston's merchants, Jamaica Plain, Roslindale or Brighton.

"The school committee ought to be required to explain why it hires non-residents. There are hundreds of our Boston educated girls and young men who cannot obtain positions at home in their native city, being crowded out by these non-residents. Let the library and hospital trustees make similar explanations."

MONT PELEE SHOWS SIGNS OF ERUPTION

FORT DE FRANCE, Martinique, June 13.—Mont Pelee is again in eruption. Hot mud and cinders have been thrown from its crater and brilliant flashes of flame seen from its summit. Dense clouds of smoke rise 1,000 feet above the mountain, and there is no indication that the volcano is preparing for another death dealing eruption.

Sunday is the strongest day—all the rest are week days.
—Vorenberg's Philosophy.

Blue Serge Suit

$10 Worth $15.00

Pure Indigo serge,—dyed in the wool—double thread, tightly woven—most beautiful, lustrous serges—the toughest and best wearing fabrics made —single and double breasted snappy styles—full of dash and ginger—right up-to-date. "The King of Summer Suits"—sold under the guarantee they cannot be duplicated in town for less than $15—extra special—$10.

"The Big Store"
Vorenberg's
"With Little Prices"
Washington, Hanover & Elm Sts.

"I WILL NOT INTERFERE; HE IS GOVERNOR," SAYS MRS. BELL TO ELEANOR AMES

GOVERNOR'S WIFE SAYS MARY ROGERS'S LIFE SHOULD PAY FORFEIT

HAS SYMPATHY AS FOR ANY ONE 'WHO IS GUILTY'

Family Avoids Case at Home and Charming Daughter Has Little Interest.

HE IS STILL LIKE ADAMANT

By Eleanor Ames.
Special to the Boston American.

EAST HARDWICK, Vt., June 13.—When Governor Bell drove into East Hardwick after his mail yesterday he found not one single petition for clemency in the case of Mary Rogers. Yet the world knows that the Governor is the only hope of saving her from the gallows.

In Saturday's mail there were two appeals, both from Massachusetts, one from a Hudson woman, the other from a Boston man. Neither was very earnest. They simply asked if something could not be done to save the poor woman at Windsor. The reason for the request seemed to be that public sentiment seemed against the hanging. Both writers made no excuse for the deed and seemed not to doubt Mrs. Rogers's guilt.

Vermont seems strongly apathetic to Mary Rogers's fate. It is more than a week since the Governor has received any appeal from Vermonters. Those which have reached him have been asked not on a personal basis but to satisfy the people who clamor against capital punishment.

Governor Is as Adamant.

I have seen Governor Bell at Belfry, his Walden home. He received me cordially and with smiles, but he was as adamant regarding this famous case.

"I can only repeat what I have many times said," he declared. "I shall not interfere again. The law must take its course. I can't see what more can be done in a legal way to save this poor woman.

"Yet the law is a peculiar thing. Some loophole may yet be discovered which will gain a delay. But I shall do nothing more. I cannot see where there is the slightest hope for Mrs. Rogers."

Mrs. Bell entered the room.

"Can't you do something to change your husband's views about Mrs. Rogers?" I asked. "I am not taking any part in the case," she replied.

"Courts Have Settled Case."

I have talked with many men and women in this part of State. Few of them express any sympathy. It was a devilish crime, they say. If anyone is to hang for murder, she should hang.

Governor Bell does not use the word hanging. He refers to Mrs. Rogers's death, as the end of the reprieve, on June 27, or some similar way. When I asked him about the date of the prison investigation, he said he thought it would be delayed until after the twenty-third.

Relative to witnesses at the hanging Governor Bell has expressed himself to Sheriff Peck as being distinctly opposed to a number being admitted. He is willing to have the necessary officials, two doctors, two lawyers and two clergymen. He would limit press representatives to one person outside the State and a few Vermonters.

Few Have Sympathy.

When I asked Mrs. Bell her opinion, I received this reply:

"I have never discussed capital punishment with Governor Bell. All during the discussion at the Legislature the subject was not mentioned between us. I attended the hearings, but never spoke of them to the Governor. Governor Bell has never talked about the case of Mrs. Rogers to any extent in his own family."

"You must feel a sympathy for Mrs. Rogers."

"Why, yes, the sympathy I would feel for any poor creature who is guilty."

"Yet you believe that she should hang?" Mrs. Bell hesitated some time before replying. "I think that the courts have settled that subject," she said finally.

Miss Bell Not Interested.

"And you would not try to influence the Governor?"

"Certainly not. The Governor has told you that once he did not believe in capital punishment, and now he does. His views have been changed by many circumstances.

"No, I have never tried to influence him. I do not believe I could, nor would have a right to do so. He is the Governor, not I."

When I asked Miss Jennie Bell, the younger daughter of the family, and a most attractive young woman, what she thought of Mrs. Rogers, she smiled non-chalantly and said:

"I don't know that I feel much interested in the case. I've not thought very much about it."

MISS JENNIE BELL — MRS. BELL (WIFE OF GOVERNOR CHARLES J. BELL) — MISS ADAINE HERRILL BELL

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WIFE AND DAUGHTERS OF GOVERNOR CHARLES J. BELL.

Their attitude is said to have convinced Governor Bell that the women of Vermont think no mercy should be shown to Mary Rogers.

BODY OF LOST SOCIETY MAN FOUND IN RIVER

Irving H. Potter, Missing from Providence Home, Was Drowned.

Special to the Boston American.

PROVIDENCE, June 12.—Shortly before 3 o'clock this morning the body of Irving H. Potter, the missing society man, was found in the Pawtuxet River, near Whittle's dye works at Rellfont, by a searching party.

Mr. Potter disappeared last Thursday. His overcoat and hat were found in a canoe which he hired, and the boat was some distance up-stream, with one oar missing.

He had been depressed for some time. His family was in doubt as to whether he had fallen overboard or had wandered away, but was inclined to believe that he was still alive.

Mr. Potter was a brother-in-law of the late Mayor Frank Fuller Olney and occupied a fine residence on the East Side.

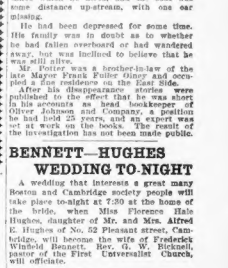
Rumors that his disappearance stories were published to the effect that he was short in his accounts as head bookkeeper of Oliver Johnson and Company, a position he had held 25 years, and an expert was set at work on the books. The result of the investigation has not been made public.

BENNETT—HUGHES WEDDING TO-NIGHT

A wedding that interests a great many Boston and Cambridge society people will take place to-night at 7.30 at the house of the bride, when Miss Florence Hale Hughes, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Alfred E. Hughes of No. 52 Pleasant street, Cambridge, will become the wife of Frederick Winfield Bennett. Rev. G. W. Bicknell, pastor of the First Universalist Church, will officiate.

MISS MARIA DUCHARME.

Every Woman in America is Interested in This Young Girl's Experience.



PELVIC CATARRH WAS DESTROYING HER LIFE. PE-RU-NA SAVED HER.

Miss Maria Ducharme, 182 St. Elizabeth street, Montreal, Can., writes:

"I am satisfied that thousands of women suffer because they do not realize how much their really need treatment and feel a natural delicacy in consulting a physician.

"I felt badly for years, had terrible pains, and at times was unable to attend to my daily duties. I tried to cure myself, but finally my attention was called to an advertisement of Peruna in a similar case to mine, and I decided to give it a trial.

"My improvement began as soon as I started to use Peruna and soon I was a well woman. I feel that I owe my life and my health to your wonderful medicine and gratefully acknowledge this fact."—Maria Ducharme.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio, for free medical advice.

All correspondence held strictly confidential.

FRIEND DEAD; YOUTH UP FOR MANSLAUGHTER

Towle, Accused of Causing the Death of Huse, Is Facing Trial.

ACCIDENT, FRIENDS SAY

Special to the Boston American.

LYNN, June 13.—The police say that the plight of Joseph A. Towle, twenty years old, who was held in $1,000 by Judge Berry in the Police Court to-day on the charge of manslaughter, is due to drink. He is accused of causing the death of William A. Huse, his friend, with a push or a blow, which caused hemorrhage of the brain.

Towle, who has always been of good character, felt his position keenly when he stood at the bar of justice. He was red-eyed and pale. He may have been unmanned by a visit, while in a cell last night, by his parents. His father and mother, with tears in their eyes, told the jailers that the prisoner had always been a good boy and never was of violent temper. They maintain that if their son is in anyway responsible for the death of Huse it was accidental and that he never would have struck his friend except when provoked beyond endurance.

Declares He Meant No Harm.

Towle, who is a coachman in the employ of Dr. Ruppel and lives with his parents at No. 43 Park street, stoutly claims that he did not intend to harm Huse. He told them, the police say, that Huse struck at him several times while they were walking toward the West Lynn burial ground and that he finally pushed his assailant with his elbow. The latter fell and sustained concussion of the brain.

This occurred, the police assert, after the two men had been drinking heavily and had left a Market square resort on Sunday in an angry mood.

Huse was unconscious when picked up by Patrolman Murray, who arrested Towle. Taken to the Lynn Hospital, Huse died without recovering consciousness.

It is maintained by the prisoner and his friends that he did not intentionally strike Huse at all and if the latter was struck by Towle's elbow it was when the latter had thrust it forth to ward off blows aimed at him.

Medical Examiner Pinkham said after performing an autopsy that he found evidence of a blow inflicted on the right side of the dead man's head and a large blood clot on the left.

Hemorrhage Caused Death.

In court to-day, where Towle's plea of not guilty, the medical examiner said that hemorrhage was the cause of Huse's death. Dr. McGehan was passing when Huse fell and after a rapid examination told Patrolman Murray to send the injured man to a hospital. Murray says that when he arrested Towle the prisoner told him his name was Henshaw.

Huse is about thirty years old and a painting contractor. He was a widower with one son and lived with his boy at No. 57 Pearl street.

PERHAM'S FATHER IS DEAD OF GRIEF

BENNINGTON, Vt., June 13.—Emmett B. Perham, father of Leon Perham, the man who tied Marcus Rogers while Mary Rogers, now awaiting death at Windsor prison, chloroformed him, is dead at his home here. Death was caused by a complication of diseases, brought on by grieving over his son's disgrace.

The disgrace that has fallen upon his son took heavily upon Mr. Perham, and although only fifty-seven years of age, he failed rapidly and never was in good health after the conviction of his son for complicity in the murder of Marcus Rogers. At first he refused to believe that his son was guilty of complicity, but the young man's confession forced him to believe his guilt.

Young Perham is now serving a life sentence for his part in the crime. Mr. Perham leaves a widow and several children.

DEATH WATCH NOW FOR MRS. ROGERS

Continued from First Page.

night between the attorneys for the defence, Messrs. Moloney, Senter and Dewitt. It was fruitless, Mr. Moloney said afterward. The three can see no way of saving the woman's life by legal measures, yet they have only given up hope. Each of them is searching the law for a chance point that may rescue her. They will confer again in a day or two before submitting their report to the finished, and that they cannot hope to secure legal intervention.

Yesterday was a peaceful day for Mrs. Rogers. It was the first in a fortnight free of her case. She has been rising very early of late, and at 5 o'clock on the morning was at her window, looking out into the misty and rainy. During the day she read and wrote. In the evening she went to bed an hour with her Bible. It was 9 o'clock before the light in her window went out, showing that she had gone to bed. After to-night the light will not go out, for the death-watch will be on duty.

SEARCH FOR ESCAPED CONVICT.

Some hitch in these plans may follow the strenuous life that Superintendent Lovell is living these days. Sunday night he was up until two hours after midnight; yesterday he was out before 6, he motored south through the country in an automobile, and at a late hour in the evening had not returned, searching for the convict that escaped Saturday from the prison.

With all his efforts trained upon the recapture of the escaped prisoner, he has not devoted as much time as he otherwise would to planning the immediate future of Mrs. Rogers.

Sheriff Peck has taken the attitude that it is not his duty to be the bearer of any news whatever to Mrs. Rogers. He went yesterday to Woodstock, where he is in attendance on his duties at the county court house. He does not expect to return to White River before Friday, nor to come to Windsor before the first of next week.

"BELL HAS MADE A MISTAKE."

At the postoffice last evening, when the country folk came in, as is their nightly custom, for their mail, the case of Mary Rogers, and the interview that Eleanor Ames had had with Governor Bell latter day, were the principal topics of conversation. The escaped prisoner on the hill being the only subject that roused anywhere near the interest.

"Governor Bell says the people of Vermont want Mary Rogers hanged, does he?" said one man argumentatively. "Well, if he believes that he hasn't had his ear as close to the ground lately, as I always thought he had.

"Maybe there are some folks in the State that want it, but they ain't a majority, not by a long shot. I don't doubt she's a bad egg, and if they'd been hanging all the murderers, I'd say, 'Hang her,' but it ain't right, and it never will be, to send all the men that kill folks to prison for life and let this woman hang. Bell's pretty wise fellow and he usually keeps pretty close to what the people in this State want, but this time he's made a mistake."

Not a man in the crowd that listened disagreed with him.

BOSTONIAN DIES AT THE WALDORF

Charles A. Campbell, a well-known Boston cigar manufacturer, who lived at the Hotel Somerset, died suddenly at the Waldorf-Astoria in New York. He had gone there on a brief business trip. He had complained of failing health for some time.

Mr. Campbell was the head of the firm of Brestin & Campbell, which was organized twenty-one years ago, and did an extensive business. He was born in Boston, was forty-six years old and unmarried. He was one of the best-known members of Eben B. A. G., and prominent in the Masonic order. William A. Campbell, his brother, has gone to New York to bring the body here.

BLAMES ENGINEER IN RAILWAY DEATHS

DEDHAM, June 13.—Judge Plympton of the Northern Norfolk District Court filed inquest reports to-day on the deaths of James Shea and Vincenzo Beatrice. He finds that they were in the employ of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad and that they were killed by being struck by an engine on the Providence Division on May 24. He also finds that the deaths were contributed to by Engineer Eugene C. Berridge's failure to obey the instructions of the railway company, which require that the engine whistle shall be blown when rounding curves outside of city limits.

TO ARREST MARLBORO USERS OF PROFANITY

MARLBORO, June 13.—No more swearing or blasphemy in Marlboro is the edict of Mayor Henry Parsons, who has ordered City Marshal Frederick A. Pope to instruct his patrolmen to arrest all users of profanity. Mayor Parsons says: "There is too much profanity. There is no excuse for it, and it must be stopped."

24 JEWS SLAIN IN CLASH WITH CZAR'S TROOPS

Reservists Start Fighting by Plundering the Stores of the Hebrews.

WARSAW, June 13.—Martial law has been declared at Brest-Litovisk, where fierce fighting has been in progress between Jews and rioters. The disturbances which started in the Jewish quarter have spread all over the town.

The soldiers in the town have not been able to put down the uprising, and General Ostrogradski has been sent from St. Petersburg to take charge of the situation and preserve order.

The trouble which began on Sunday was started by reservists, who, returning there in a famished condition, as they had not been fed on a long railway journey. They at once began a raid on grocery stores owned by Jews. The Jews defended their property and a fight resulted. Christians joined with the reservists in attacking the Jews, and a whole street of Jewish stores was devastated.

In the first clash it is reported that twenty-four Jews were killed and thirty-eight persons, most of them Jews, were wounded. The Jews, however, inflicted some damage on their assailants, a number of whom were wounded.

The fighting continued yesterday. The Jews organized for their own protection and secured arms. When the attack of the rioters was resumed the Jews fired. The soldiers replied with volleys. A miniature pitched battle followed, in which many were killed and wounded on both sides.

Troops sent to quell the outbreak, fired into the masses and temporarily restored order. An investigation following the firing by the regular troops disclosed the fact that most of the men killed by their fire were Jews. After the pitched battle the rioters separated into small bands, and kept up their depredations throughout the town.

It is feared that there will be other conflicts of a serious nature unless General Ostrogradski is able to restore order on his arrival there. At present a panic prevails among the 20,000 inhabitants of the town.

MINSK MASSACRE OF JEWS CONFIRMED BY PRIVATE LETTER

Special Cable to Boston American.
Copyright, 1905, by American-Journal-Examiner.

BERLIN, June 13.—A letter from a German merchant at Minsk, received here, tells of new massacres of Jews in that city which have been kept secret by the Russian government. Scrupulous attention to obey the instructions of the railway company, which require that the engine whistle shall be blown when rounding curves outside of city limits.

The authorities are trying to bury the dead, seven women and three children fell victims to an infuriated mob of drunken, fanatical soldiers and intoxicated soldiers, but these were not one-tenth of the actual victims. More than six hundred wounded are being cared for in private houses in the Jewish quarter, as they feared that they would be poisoned if they went to the hospitals. Every Jewish store in the city was sacked and many were put afire.

At first the Jews were too much surprised to resist, but in the last hours of the fight several of the mob were killed and about fifty wounded.

NORWAY IS READY TO FIGHT FOR FREEDOM

STORTHING'S ACTION IS IRREVOCABLE, AND WILL BE SUPPORTED BY FORCE.

CHRISTIANIA, Norway, June 13.—Norway will fight for her independence. Mr. Loreland, who will be installed as Foreign Minister of Norway on Thursday, made this assertion to-day. The action of the Storthing is irrevocable, he said.

No efforts have yet been made to have the powers recognize Norway, but a movement to that effect will be made in a few days. Mr. Loreland declares that when the independent powers hear their side of the matter he has no doubt that his country will be accorded recognition.

"When our case is presented to the powers," he added, "it will be seen that it is but one of antagonism to the principal of monarchies nor to a single monarchy. Norway has been a kingdom for many centuries and is proud of it. The dissolution of the union was purely on constitutional grounds. Our constitution existed prior to the union with Sweden, and when the difference of conflict between the two peoples Norway chose to retain her constitution.

"Our difference with Sweden is in the first place economic. Our commercial interests, our tariffs and our entire economic policy differ from those of Sweden. While the diplomatic and consular services were based on the ideas governing the union of the two countries, they worked to the profit of Sweden rather than to that of Norway.

Will Fight if Necessary.

"Norway's merchant marine now ranks fourth among the nations, and Norway no longer can afford to negotiate with foreign powers through Stockholm. The union, however, was dissolved only when the subject forced the question of our sovereignty.

"We hope the powers will make no mistake regarding our action. We have never desired to create danger for Sweden and will never seek to make difficulties for our sister country. We are acting for the benefit of the common interests of each other and for our common safety in the face of foreign danger.

"The action taken by the Storthing is irrevocable, and the powers should realize that Norway will fight before this action is reconsidered."

"The question of peace rests with Sweden, but the early recognition of our independence will be of interest to the powers as well as to ourselves.

Guard Rights Jealously.

"Immediately upon the dissolution of the union, Norway informed Sweden of her willingness to open diplomatic negotiations, but we are jealous of our independence and of our future, and will accede all alliances and will not subject ourselves to the influence of any great power.

"Norwegian interests will not suffer during the interim in which the country would not be represented abroad. Fortunately, Norway's biggest trade is with Great Britain, Germany, the United States and France, where for a short period consuls are not indispensable."

WASHINGTON WILL WAIT FOR POWERS ON THE NEW NORWAY

WASHINGTON, June 13.—It is thought here that the lead in recognition of Norwegian independence will probably be taken by some European country. It is hardly deemed to be good policy for the United States to lead the way in matters of this kind.

M. A. Grip, probably the best diplomat who will ever be known in Washington as Minister of Sweden and Norway, yesterday called at the State Department to take leave of the acting secretary, Mr. Loomis. He will sail to-day from New York for his home in Norway. He has not resigned his post, but it is not expected that he will return to Washington in his present capacity. He has been Minister here since 1889, a longer period than any other diplomat, and for several years he has held the post of dean of the Ministers.

LINER TAMPICAN AGROUND.

MONTREAL, June 13.—The Leyland liner Tampican, which left her dock here for London and Leith, is aground in the river but a short distance from her pier. Six tugs have failed to move her. A channel will be dredged for the vessel.

Kaffenburgh & Co.

BOYLSTON LAGER BEER

AN OLD-FASHIONED BREW.

IN WOOD, OR IN GLASS, BOTTLED AT THE BREWERY

IT IS ABSOLUTELY PURE.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

DYSPEPSIA CURED RIGHT

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, composed of natural digestive elements like the gastric juices, cure naturally and surely, because they give the stomach rest while perfectly digesting the food, no matter what the condition of that organ. For sale by all druggists—90 cents the box.

Readers of the BOSTON AMERICAN, away for the Summer, can have the paper mailed to their address for 60 cents per month, daily and Sunday, or 25 cents per month for either daily or Sunday—postage prepaid.

HEARST'S BOSTON AMERICAN

Published Daily and Sunday at 60 and 62 Summer Street, Boston, Mass.

NEW ENGLAND NEWSPAPER PUBLISHING CO.

Entered as second class matter, March 21, 1905, at the Postoffice at Boston, Mass.

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One month	.50
Sunday only:	
One year	2.50
Six months	1.25
Daily and Sunday:	
One year	8.50
Six months	4.75
One month	.70

LAUGHED AT CHILDREN WHEN AUTO KILLED PET DOG PRINCE

AGNES CONNORS — HELEN CONNORS

TWO LITTLE GIRLS, WHOSE PET DOG, PRINCE WAS KILLED BY AN AUTO

Fiendish Cruelty of Motor Party and Animal's Suffering Break Childish Hearts.

Two little girls at No. 50 Cranberry lane, Waltham, are heartbroken because their friend and companion, Prince, a big black and white dog, was killed by a cruel automobile. The sun no longer smiles for them and they are quite, quite sure they will never forget Prince nor forgive the people who rode over their pet.

"Agnes and I were going to pick flowers," explained Helen to a BOSTON AMERICAN reporter, "and of course Prince went with us. He went everywhere with us. We got up on Derby street when a big automobile came along like nightning. A cat was out in the road and Prince doesn't like cats. He ran after it and was right in front of the automobile, and the people saw him, too, but they kept right on and went over him.

"Agnes and I both cried and got Prince to hobble to the head of our street, but he couldn't get any farther. One of his legs was cut right off and I carried it home. Agnes was sure it could be put back on again. She's only six but I'm nine, and I knew better than that."

The recollection of the leg was too much for the little narrator and she began to sob violently. With a big gulp she went on:

"Then my mother came out of the house and sent my uncle to the police station. A long while afterwards, when Prince had suffered ever so much and looked so sad at us, the policeman came and shot him."

At this part of the story Agnes joined her sister in sobbing, and for a few minutes neither child could speak.

"But my Papa is tracing that automobile and will see what can be done about it, he says, for the people only turned around and laughed at us when Prince was hurt. Prince lying all covered with blood in the road."

WOMAN SAVES 2 FROM THUGS

NEW YORK, June 13.—"If I only had had a revolver the highwaymen would never have gotten away. I would have shot, and shot to kill," said Mrs. Edward Schramm, the Brooklyn heroine, who came to the rescue of her husband and brother when they were being beaten and robbed in Furman street, Brooklyn, a short distance away from their home.

In telling the story at her home, No. 349 Furman street, last night, Mrs. Schramm said:

"When I realized what was happening I used the point of my umbrella as a bayonet and jabbed it into the backs of the highwaymen. It tore and lacerated them severely at the same time I shouted at the top of my voice for the police. The umbrella attack soon made them take to their heels."

114 GRADUATES AT WEST POINT

Ten of the 114 graduates of West Point this year are New Englanders. Four are from Massachusetts, two from Maine, two from Rhode Island, one from Vermont and one from Connecticut. New Hampshire is the only New England State not represented this year.

The well known New England graduate is undoubtedly Charles D. Daly, Harvard's famous quarterback and football captain. For two seasons he was quarterback of the West Point eleven. The other New England graduates are Francis H. Wilby, Boston; George F. Waugh, Lowell; James F. Curley, Pittsfield; Robert C. Eddy, Simsbury, Ct.; Leroy Hartlett, Providence, R. I.; Henry W. Wills, Franklin, Me.; Carroll H. Gardner, Wakefield, R. I.; Arthur W. Lane, Portland, Me.; Francis B. Upham, Bellows Falls, Vt.

MORE MARINE FIREMEN OUT

A general strike of firemen and oilers employed on the United Fruit Company's steamers has been ordered. When the Admiral Dewey reached her berth at Long Wharf the eighteen firemen and oilers employed on the steamer left her and refused to sign for a return trip.

The trouble started a few days ago, when an official of the company refused to allow James T. Mahoney, agent of the Atlantic Coast Marine Firemen's Union, to be present when the men were signing articles for another trip. It is a rule of the union that the agent shall be present when the men sign their articles. Upon the refusal of the official to allow Mr. Mahoney to witness the signing of the articles a strike was ordered.

Eighteen men struck from the Schley. It is understood strike orders will be sent to New York, Baltimore and New Orleans, where the company operates boats. Officials of the company say that so far they have had no trouble in getting firemen and oilers for their Southern trips.

TO PROBE MILL GIRL'S DEATH

MANCHESTER, N. H., June 13.—The body of Miss Cordelia Cote, which is ready to be shipped to Windsor Mills, Que., has been detained here pending an investigation as to the cause of the young woman's death.

Miss Cote was employed in the Stark Mills. Last Tuesday with a friend she engaged a room at the Linden House but was soon taken sick and died last Sunday. Mrs. Lena Brooks, who keeps the Linden House, says when she learned of Miss Cote's illness she inquired about her and was told that she was ill with the grip. She says Saturday two physicians were called and the next she heard of the young woman she was dead.

The clean of the dead girl has left the Linden House, taking her effects with her. The medical referee will make a thorough investigation regarding the death to-day.

ROOSEVELT TO TALK ON TRIP

The delicacy of the far eastern situation, in which President Roosevelt now figures as a peace maker, has caused a few changes to be made in the President's plans for his trip to Massachusetts next week.

He will be in Worcester to attend the commencement exercises of Clark college and Holy Cross college June 21, and on June 22 will attend commencement at Williams college. Instead of going to his summer home at oyster Bay, from Williamstown he will go direct to Washington, and stay there until June 27, when he will leave for Harvard, where he is to attend commencement exercises.

While enroute to Washington President Roosevelt will make 10 minute addresses at North Adams and Pittsfield. At Pittsfield he will be introduced to Mayor Bagg by Senator Crane who will in turn present him to the crowd at the station.

Members of Harvard union have arranged to have a luncheon with the President at the university clubhouse on commencement day. There will be no formal exercises, and the number to attend is limited to 500.

RYAN PLANS A GIGANTIC TRUST

NEW YORK, June 13.—It is believed in financial circles that the organization of the largest trust company in the United States, and one of the largest financial institutions of the world, was a part of the plan of Thomas F. Ryan in negotiating the purchase of the stock of the Equitable Life Assurance Society held by James H. Hyde.

Mr. Ryan's plan is said to be to consolidate the Equitable Trust Company, the Mercantile Trust Company and the Morton Trust Company, with the latter in control.

It is expected that this would result in creating a financial institution with deposits second only to those of the National Bank of this city, which has deposits of $185,000,000. The deposits of the proposed consolidated trust company would amount to $160,000,000.

BASEBALL CANDIDATE

CINCINNATI, June 13.—August Herrmann, president of the Cincinnati baseball team, is announced as a candidate for the Democratic nomination for Mayor.

NO CONFERENCE IN FALL RIVER MILL TROUBLE

Manufacturers Refuse to Meet Operatives and Discuss the Industrial Situation.

UNREST AMONG EMPLOYES

FALL RIVER, June 13.—Members of the Manufacturers' Association have declined the request of the Textile Council for a conference on the present situation in the textile business. The labor men take the refusal of the manufacturers to talk over the wage and other situations as an evidence of being unwilling to meet conditions fairly.

The Textile Council and the millmen without a murmur accepted Governor Douglas's report on the strike situation, although it cost the strikers everything. There is even now great unrest among the mill operatives over the wage question, and the officers of the Textile Council had hoped to arrange a settlement of differences through a conference with the millmen.

The letter refusing to confer over the situation was received by Thomas Taylor, secretary of the council. It is:

"Dear Sir—Your letter of the 6th inst. requesting a conference to discuss the industrial condition, has been duly received and has had our careful consideration. In reply we will say that while the industrial situation is very unsatisfactory, we believe that the most necessary thing for the return to a normal condition is a complete avoidance of all agitation. We, therefore, think that a conference at this time would be of no benefit."

Mr. Taylor expressed his disappointment at the contents of the letter. He said he had hoped that a conference would be arranged, and he believed, he said, that good would have resulted. He said the manufacturers were reuless and that he is in daily receipt of offers from adjoining cities for help at an increased rate over that paid here.

President James Tansey of the Textile Council said:

"I am somewhat surprised at the reply of the manufacturers and I am disappointed. I believe that at the present time a conference would have only beneficial results."

Other members of the Textile Council believe the refusal will intensify the discontent among the operatives and stimulate the exodus of skilled hands to other manufacturing centres, which has been going steadily on for several months, causing serious embarrassment to the mills.

DEPORTED ONCE, BACK BY CANADA

DOVER, N. H., June 13.—Peter Burrows, an Englishman who came here, it is charged, under contract to be assistant superintendent of the new velvet mill of the Cocheco Manufacturing Company, has been arrested by Inspector Frank Quinn of the Boston immigration office.

He was taken to Boston for a hearing before the Federal authorities on a charge of violating the alien contract labor law. It is said that Burrows came to this country from England, arriving in Boston on April 21. He was detained, it is alleged, and after a hearing was deported to England on April 23. It is asserted that he at once boarded a steamer for Montreal, and from that city came to Dover.

SEEK INSANE MAN IN WOODS

NEW HAVEN, Ct., June 13.—Howard Hawley, son of Mrs. Mary Hawley, a wealthy resident of Sandy Hook, in Newtown, eluded a keeper from a sanitarium and is still at large.

Hawley with an attendant walked in the fields. When they came to a barbed wire fence Hawley held the wires apart and told his keeper to step through. The man did so unsuspectingly and then saw Hawley run into the woods. He has not been discovered when the keeper extricated himself from the barbed wire.

SEND MESSAGE BY PIGEONS

ST. LOUIS, June 13.—On the morning of June 24 John Parkinson of this city will release at the City Hall steps six carrier pigeons bearing the following message from Mayor Wells to Mayor Collins of Boston.

"The Mayor of the city of St. Louis transmits greetings to the Mayor of the city of Boston, through his carrier pigeon messenger. If successfully conveyed it will demonstrate a long flight, which is infinitesimally small to the long prosperity that we wish the people of Boston."

The message will be relayed at Louisville, Cincinnati, Pittsburg, Washington, New York and Pawtucket, arriving in Boston about July 1.

FINED FOR POOR WORK; STRIKE

EAST BROOKFIELD, June 13.—The Mann-Stevens mills are entirely tied up, 250 employes being out on a strike on account of a new system of fines for imperfect work by weavers.

John Stevens conferred with the strikers and urged them to work a week and see how they like the new arrangement, promising that there will be no deductions for a week. As he would not attempt to forecast what would happen then, the employes voted to stay out until the notices are removed.

NEW YORK TO PARIS BY RAIL

NEW YORK, June 13.—The all-rail route to make the trip from New York to Paris possible without an ocean voyage and to render Alaska accessible at all seasons of the year has the approval of well known engineers.

The author of the project to tunnel under Behring Straits, M. Loicq de Lobel, of Paris, who has been in New York for the last month, sails on Thursday on the French liner La Savoie, taking with him, so he asserts, the loyalty attested signatures of more than thirty well known American capitalists and engineers who approve his general plans, and who will act as the American executive committee.

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are a revelation in candy making. Their delicate flavor and creamy richness tell plainer than words that they are far superior to ordinary chocolates. Pure and wholesome, tempting in variety, their real goodness is easily recognized.

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Violetta. (Great march song by the composer of "The Man Behind.")
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Ma Lady Moon. (By the composer of "My Lady Loo.")
Farewell, Sweetheart May. (Chas. Harris' latest and greatest success.)
Arcadia. (A ballad by Mabel McKinley.)
In the Shade of the Old Apple Tree.
Just Across the Bridge of Gold. (Sensational descriptive hit by composer of "The Mansion of Aching Hearts.")
When the Golden Sunset Fades Beyond the Hills.
I Only Ask, Remember Me.
Tommy. (Latest New York craze.)
Alone In This Wide World, Alone.
The Man With the Ladder and the Hose. (Great fireman song.)
On a Summer Night. (Great waltz song.)
Meet Me in St. Louis, Louis.
You're as Welcome as the Flowers in May.
Why, Don't They Play With Me?
Tammany. (New York comic Indian sensation.)
I'm Trying So Hard to Forget You. (By Chas. K. Harris.)
Mamma's Boy.
Violets, Sweet Violets.
Miss Katy Did.
She Waits by the Deep Blue Sea. (By the composer of "Blue Bell.")

Vocal.

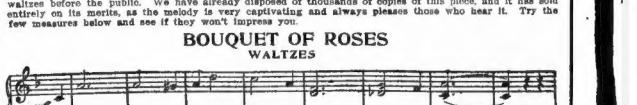
Good-bye, Sweet Marie. (By the writer of "Good-bye, Little Girl, Good-bye.")
Don't Be So Mean. (By the composer of "I've Got a Feelin' for You.")
The More I See of Other Girls, the Better I Like You.
I Wonder If You'll Miss Me.
Pal of Mine. (Famous $2,500 song hit.)
Nobody But You.
Absence Makes the Heart Grow Fonder.
Go On and Coax Me. (By Harry von Tilzer.)
Please Come and Play in My Yard.
Back, Back to Baltimore. (Coon song hit.)
Shame on You. (Lew Dockstader's big hit.)
Blue Bell.
Where the Mocking Birds Were Singing.
How Can I Forget You. Dreaming of You All the While.
Since I Learned to Love You.
Just an Old Sweetheart of Mine.
Take Me Back to My Own Little Home, Sweet Home.
On the Farm in Old Missouri.
When I Come Home, Sweetheart.
Florence. (Good sentimental ballad.)
When the Bees Are in the Hive.
My Love I Dare Not Tell. (Song att from "The Medal and the Maid.")
Down Where the Suwanee River Flows.

Vocal.

Take a Car. (Latest waltz song of the season.)
Down Where the Silvery Mohawk Flows. (Prettiest rustic ballad published.)
The Land of the Red, White and Blue.
Dreaming on the Ohio.
Affection. (Pretty ballad.)
Keep a Little Cosy Corner in Your Heart for Me. (By the composer of "I've Got a Feelin' for You.")
Every Little Bit Helps. (Great Coon song.)
Somebody's Waiting for Me.
Sunday Morning. When the Church Bells Ring.
Way Down East Among the Shady Maple Trees.
I've Got a Feelin' for You.
Come Take a Trip in My Airship.
Abraham. (Latest coon song hit by Harry von Tilzer.)
You're the Flower of My Heart, Sweet Adelene.
Good-bye, Little Girl, Good-bye.
When the Sunset Turns the Ocean's Blue to Gold.
Don't Cry, Katie Dear.
Good Night, Beloved, Good Night.
I'll Meet You at the Crossroads, Nellie Dear. (By the writer of "Your Are Welcome As the Flowers in May.")
My Heart's To-night in Tennessee. (By the composer of "When the Sunset Turns the Ocean's Blue to Gold.")
In the City of Sighs and Tears.
Twilight Song.
She Went to the City. (By Paul Dresser.)

A "Bouquet of Roses," waltzes, a bit of which you will find below, is now the most popular set of waltzes before the public. We have already disposed of thousands of copies of this piece, and it has sold entirely on its merits, as the melody is very captivating and always pleases those who hear it. Try the few measures below and see if they don't impress you.

BOUQUET OF ROSES
WALTZES



Instrumental.

Peter Piper March and Two-Step. (Latest by the composer of "Foley Prim.")
Bouquet of Roses. (Splendid set of waltzes.)
The Troubadour. (Two-step intermezzo by composer of "The Gondolier.")
A String of Pearls. (Pretty teaching piece.)
An Easter Emblem.
Koontown Koffee Klatsch. (March and two-step.)
Princess Royal Schottische.
Kentucky Belles. (Two-step.)
Cornfield Capers. (By Harry von Tilzer.)
Violets and Roses. (Flower song.)
Star of the Sea. (Vocal or instrumental.)

Instrumental.

A Trip to Niagara March. (One of the prettiest marches published. Over 50,000 copies sold up to date.)
Yankee Grit Two-Step. (By the composer of "Uncle Sammy.")
The Ameer's Dream. (Intermezzo.)
Simple Life. (Valse lente.)
Hazel Blossoms. (Reverie.)
Love's Garden. (Beautiful set of waltzes.)
Dream of Madrid. (Spanish waltzes by Paul Roubens.)
At Sundown. (Reverie.)
A Sprig o' Shillelah. (By composer of "A Bit o' Blarney.")
Dance of the Zephyrs. (Schottische caprice.)
Falling Leaves. (Intermezzo.)
Gondolier.
Laces and Graces. (By composer of "Cosy Corner.")

Instrumental.

Parsifal. (Blended melodies from the opera.)
Valsea Waltzes.
A Gay Gossoon. (March and two-step.)
Nabisco Waltzes.
Roaming in the Gloaming. (Reverie by Charles D. Blake.)
College Life. (March.)
Morning Flowers. (Gavotte.)
The Bashful Bachelor. (Two-step.)
The Padisha. (Persian march.)
Ramona. (Waltz.)
Girlhood Days. (Three-step.)
A Princeton Tiger. (March and two-step.)
Bashful Betty. (Two-step.)
Sifted Sweetness. (Waltzes.)
The Irish Patriot. (March and two-step.)

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MRS. HOWARD GOULD'S LAUGH STOPS COURT TRIAL OF "CASTLE" SUIT

Architect Says That Wife of the Millionaire Ordered Him Out of Hotel.

Abner J. Haydel Tells How He Drew Nineteen Plans; He Wants $60,000 Damages.

NEW YORK, June 13.—After nineteen attempts to satisfy Mrs. Howard Gould with a set of plans for her husband's country estate, now known as Castle Gould, Abner J. Haydel, an architect, declared in court that the parting of the ways came when Mrs. Gould threatened to have him put out of the Waldorf-Astoria.

According to the architect, he drew enough plans to set up a fair-sized village. He journeyed to Ireland and made copies of Castle Kilkenny, which Castle Gould was

TWO VIEWS OF CASTLE GOULD AT SANDS POINT, L. I.

MR. AND MRS. HOWARD GOULD AND THEIR CASTLE.

to represent; he filled reams of paper with facades, sectional views, interiors, bird's eye views and landscape approaches.

But ever and always Mrs. Gould, he says, had some improvements to suggest, some alterations to be made, some towers to be moved, and finally, when she demanded that he furnish three separate sets of all the plans that had made, on costly paper, and ordered him from her presence when he demurred, he decided to bring suit for $60,000 for services rendered up to and including the time the nineteenth successive plan was drawn.

Mrs. Gould Amused.

The suit was called for trial before Justice Keogh, in the Supreme Court at Mineola, L. I. Though Mr. Gould is nominally the defendant, it is Mrs. Gould's suit, for the testimony shows that she did all the negotiating, and furnished the preliminary rough sketches of the castle that was to rear itself up at Port Washington, a perfect replica in every respect of the famous Kilkenny Castle in Ireland.

Mrs. Gould was attired in a lavender costume, with a polo hat. She took a seat immediately beside her counsel, and prompted him during the rest of the day. She followed the testimony of Mr. Haydel closely, and when the witness graphically described how he had been ordered out of the Waldorf by her, Mrs. Gould first looked incredulous and then laughed aloud and long.

This laugh momentarily stopped the proceedings, surprised the Judge, embarrassed the witness and piqued the attorney for the plaintiff. When it was over the case was resumed.

Ordered Him Out.

Speaking of the Waldorf episode, Haydel told of Mrs. Gould's anger when he refused to furnish three copies of the plans.

"What did she say?" asked Mr. Thorne.

"Turning to me," continued the witness, "she said:

"'Do you see that door, Mr. Architect? You go right out of that door.'

"She was standing beside her husband, to whom I turned and said:

"'Mr. Gould, I am here on business and I want to be protected against such treatment.'

It was at this point that Mrs. Gould laughed the laugh that made the Court frown and delayed the proceeding a full minute.

"Please continue now," said Mr. Thorne to the witness.

"Well the architect. "Mrs. Gould then became more excited and shouted:

"'If you don't get out of here I will get the porter to put you out.' Thereupon she rang the bell and a porter came to the door. I turned to Mr. and Mrs. Gould and said: 'What is your pleasure?'

"'You will be here at 8 o'clock next Thursday?' said Mrs. Gould.

"I then left the room."

ROTHSCHILD FAMILY LOSES ANOTHER BARON

VIENNA, June 13.—Baron Nathaniel Rothschild, a brother of the head of the Vienna banking house of the greatest financial firm in the world, has just died, and is the second member of the family to pass away within eighteen days.

He was not so well known in the financial world as Baron Alphonse de Rothschild of Paris, head of the French branch of the business, conducted all over the world by the descendants of Mayer Anselm Rothschild, who was born in Judengasse, Frankfort, 162 years ago. Baron Alphonse died May 26.

Mayer Anselm Rothschild was the great est financial genius known to mankind.

The house he founded grew so rich and powerful within a century that, it is said of it, no country in Europe can go to war without its consent. The Rothschilds finance nations. Within a century they have loaned Great Britain alone one billion dollars. To other European countries, it is estimated, they have loaned $1,200,000,000. They have invested more than $50,000,000 in United States bonds. Their money helped build the New York subway.

The Vienna branch is under the management of Baron Ferdinand Rothschild, brother of Baron Nathaniel. The funeral of the latter will be simple, in accordance with the family custom. The coffin will be plain and without mourning trifles.

'MAUD' MAKES HER DEBUT IN VAUDEVILLE

Famous Boston Sunday American Mule Subject of Song in "The Earl and the Girl."

She has made her debut in vaudeville.

And her name is Maud!

Maud, the famous mule, which is a feature of the comic section of the BOSTON SUNDAY AMERICAN, is the heroine of one of the verses in the topical song in which Alexander Clark, as Jim Cheese, in "The Earl and the Girl," at the Boston Theatre, is making a decided hit.

Mr. Clark has introduced new verses from time to time to satisfy the demand for encores. He writes these verses himself, having a metrical habit, "neat but not gaudy."

He was trying to think of something catchy and up-to-date to write about and "Maud" came to him.

You know Maud. She is the deceiving creature with a subdued look in her eyes and battle, murder and sudden death in her heels. She takes regard humbly, then kicks you over the horizon. As you pursue the landscape she brays, "Hee-haw!"

That's Maud.

So Mr. Clark comes out now for an encore with a pleased grin on his face, carefully adjusts his right toe three points aluft his left heel and sings:

"I stood upon a corner with an apple in my hand,
A mule was standing close to me—she wore a smile so bland.
She grabbed that apple from my fist and loudly she hee-hawed,
'Don't you read the Sunday paper? I was on—her name was Maud.'

"Hereafter," says Mr. Cheese:
(Chorus):
"What's good enough for Maudie is good enough for me,
She kicked me here, behind the ear, until I couldn't see.
The next time that I meet her, I'll do a 'twenty-three,'
Which simply means, skidoo, get out—that's good enough for me!"

The obliging Mr. Clark also sang about "If it's good enough for Emmons" and "If it's good enough for Whipple," in two other verses. The Whipple aforesaid is J. Reed, who runs a few taverns.

This topical song by Mr. Clark is one of "the songs" of the show. It divides honors with "Don't You Want to Spend With Me," as sung by Miss Georgia Caine, Victor Morley and chorus, which is being whistled from Sullivan square to the Blue Hills.

$100,000 STEAL FROM OIL TRUST

CHICAGO, June 13.—A dispatch to the Tribune from Ten Broeck, Ind., says:

That merchants in this vicinity have been fleeced out of $100,000 by bogus checks on the Standard Oil may pay roll has developed on the arrival here of Assistant Treasurer F. S. Davis from New York to investigate. The forged pay checks range in face value from $80 to $100, and are duplicate numbers of the genuine Standard checks.

The forgeries passed the banks and were not discovered until checking up began at the company's office. The signature of F. S. Binks, treasurer of the company, was so well imitated that it deceived bankers familiar with it.

'REGGIE' WARD ABANDONS HIS TITLE OF COUNT

Former Boston Pedler to Marry Elderly Dowager Countess of Howe.

LONDON, June 13.—Reginald Henshaw Ward, American millionaire, society man, friend of King Edward, fiance of the Dowager Countess of Howe, and once a peddler in Boston, has abandoned his title of "Count."

The title was conferred on him by Pope Leo XIII., and he became a hereditary count of the Roman empire.

In spite of his social prominence in London, however, the title was not recognized, and it seemed incongruous to his fellow countrymen abroad. It subjected Ward to a great deal of adverse criticism.

He wasn't the sort of man to be dashed by that, however, having read satirical comments on his clothes, his dandified manner, his long finger nails, his divorce, his social aspirations and his approaching marriage to the elderly Countess in the public prints for a long time. But evidently the title of Count appeared a little absurd to him, and his cards read simply "Mr. Reginald Ward."

The marriage of Ward and the Dowager Countess Howe promises to be one of the social events of the next London season. Ward has climbed steadily upward in the social scale since his arrival in London. He married his sister to Captain Blackburn-Tew, a heavy English swell, and his garden fetes and entertainments have been the talk of London.

He is a descendant of Artemus Ward, of Revolutionary fame. His wife, Edyth Newcomb, was a famous Kentucky belle, whom he married in New York. She was a daughter of General H. Victor Newcomb, a rather recent millionaire of New York. She did not accompany Ward when he went to England to reside, and soon afterward obtained a divorce.

Ward has been quite a collector of titles. Besides being referred to as a "copper king," hope I've made him a count," the King of Portugal made him a Knight Commander of the Portuguese order of Christ; the Queen Regent of Spain, before Alfonso's accession, made him a Knight Commander of the Royal Order of St. Charles, and the King of Servia bestowed upon him the title of Knight Commander of the Royal Order of Takova of Servia. He is also a Knight of San Carlos, another Spanish decoration.

HOCH, SCION OF MARSHAL NEY

CHICAGO, June 13.—Johann Hoch, who is to die on the gallows on June 23 for the murder of Marie Walecker-Hoch, is the great-grandson of Marshal Ney, who was to be shot by a firing squad on the same day. Two of his brothers are ministers in Strassburg. His father, also a minister and retired at the age of 82, lives in Toulon, ignorant of the plight of his son.

For the first time the condemned man has broken the silence he maintained since his arrest. He said:

"My father's people are Alsatians, and not Germans. My mother's people are all French. I am the great-grandson of Marshal Ney. I shall die a week from Friday, but I shall die a man innocent of guilt, a man who makes the truth."

EXPLORER'S WIDOW IN WILDS OF LABRADOR

Mrs. Leonidas Hubbard and Dillon Wallace Head Rival Expeditions.

MYSTERY OF WILDERNESS

By Boston American Leased Wire.

NEW YORK, June 13.—Two expeditions, distinct from each other and the members of one unaware of the other's efforts, have gone into the wild interior of Labrador—the first to explore the unknown parts of the land, the second to learn the exact conditions under which Leonidas Hubbard, Jr., the daring young explorer, died there in October, 1903. They are in search of a strange secret in the wilderness.

Mrs. Hubbard, widow of the explorer, is in personal charge of the latter expedition, while Dillon Wallace, companion of her husband on his journey, heads the former.

Mrs. Hubbard and Wallace, formerly mutually interested in exploration, have been estranged since Hubbard's death because of certain statements made by Wallace in his book about the ill-fated expedition.

Doubts Her Friend's Husband.

Not until they meet at the spot where Hubbard was found dying from exhaustion and starvation, will the Wallace party learn that Mrs. Hubbard is on the same trail.

In the stillness of the Arctic wastes may come the climax of this drama in which a wife, through devotion to her husband's memory, doubts the man who called him friend.

Whether the woman or the man will come out of the wilderness with a feeling of enmity or with their differences repaired will not be known until months from now. The trail is long and dangerous. Mrs. Hubbard is well on her journey, having already plunged into Labrador, and Mr. Wallace is not many days before her.

With her is George Nelson, the half-breed guide who accompanied her husband and Wallace in 1903 and led a party of rescuers to them, too late to save Hubbard, and just in time to drag his companion out of the wilds back to the borders of civilization.

To Study the Wilderness.

Wallace wanted Nelson to be his guide this time, but the Indian said he could not go because he had recently married. But it is not known that he had already contracted to lead Mrs. Hubbard's expedition.

Mrs. Hubbard has never been convinced that everything was done that could have added to saving the life of her husband. And when Mr. Wallace, in his book, criticised Hubbard for misjudgment in plunging into the wilderness without sufficient knowledge of the country and without provisions, she determined to learn the truth for herself.

She went to Alonzo G. McLaughlin of No. 15 William street, manager of the Hubbard estate, and he provided the necessary funds for the expedition.

ASKS POLICE TO SEEK MOTHER, LOST FOR YEARS

Washington Girl Writes to Superintendent Pierce for Aid in Her Search.

A pathetic letter from a young woman in Washington, signing herself "Lillian C. Jackson," was received to-day by Superintendent Pierce of the Boston Police Department, requesting his aid in locating the writer's mother. The local police will do all in their power to find some trace of the missing woman. The letter follows:

Chief of Police of Boston, Mass.

Dear Sir: I want to ask you if you won't help find my mother, from whom I have been lost since I was a little girl. I and four other children were born in Boston. Fifteen years ago my father and mother separated and father brought us children, Ethel, Alice, Willie, Dottie and Lillian, to Washington. He then deserted us. We finally were separated and for years one did not know where the others were.

In January, a year ago, I found one of my sisters, who is younger than I am and who lives eight miles distant. As both of us work for our living we see each other but seldom. This makes us both very anxious to find our mother. I have no idea where mother is, but she was born in Boston, lived there always, as far as I know, married there and all of her children were born there. Her maiden name was Maggie Ethel Kelley. Her married name was Mrs. W. C. Jackson.

My mother's father was a blacksmith by trade and worked with his sons in a shop in Roxbury. What his given name was I do not know. Kelley was his last name.

He had quite a large family of boys and all were well known in Roxbury and Boston Highlands. I have made every effort I knew how to find mother and I have been offered assistance if I would send so much money, but I am absolutely unable to send any money as I make only enough to live on.

I sincerely hope I have not asked too much of you and also that the local police may be able to find some trace of my people.

Hoping to hear from you soon, I remain, yours very sincerely,

LILLIAN C. JACKSON.

BADLY BURNED, BUT BOOKS SAFE

Augustus D. McLennan was badly burned about the head while trying to extinguish a fire in the basement of the lodging house where he lives, at No. 548 Columbus avenue, in an effort to save a valuable set of books which was stored there. He saved his books, and was treated for his burns by Dr. Charles Bonin, who has rooms in the house.

The lodging house is run by Lena Mc Pherson, and owned by Lewis Keffer of No. 136 Summer street. The damage will not exceed $500. All of the lodgers were awake when the fire started, and got into the street safely, although the entire house was filled with thick, choking smoke.

MOTHER WILL FIGHT HARD TO GET STOLEN CHILD

MARY GRACE FRAWLEY

CHILD FOR WHOM PARENTS CONTEND.

Mrs. John J. Frawley Hires a Lawyer to Search for Her Daughter Grace.

Girl Was Taken by Her Father From Dorchester Last Saturday.

Special to the Boston American.

PLYMOUTH, June 13.—"I don't know where my child is—I can only keep on praying," said Mrs. John J. Frawley, whose daughter was kidnapped by her father in Dorchester last Saturday.

Mrs. Frawley was hurrying from a telephone booth after consulting her attorney, W. J. Coughlin of Abington. She made a flying trip to this town and saw two or three people concerning the search she is making for her five-year-old child, Mary Grace Frawley.

Her husband is also here, but he is extremely non-communicative regarding the kidnaping and the present whereabouts of the child. The little girl was not with him when he drove into town on his return from Boston, where he succeeded in getting her from her mother while a friend of his held a revolver to Mrs. Frawley's head. There is a suspicion that she brought the little girl with him but left her at some friend's home near town.

Mrs. Frawley arrived in the midst of a drenching rain. Paying no heed to the weather, she procured a team and drove to the home of a former neighbor, Mrs. Martha Pierce, at Chiltonville, four miles from here, where she and her husband spent the early years of their married life. Mrs. Pierce was not at home, but was visiting the family of Herbert Griffin.

Thither through the pouring rain, Mrs. Frawley drove. The object of her quest was to learn if possible any news of her daughter and also to get the address of the attorney whom she has engaged to conduct her fight for the recovery of the child. Finally Mrs. Frawley learned the lawyer's address from Mrs. Elmer E. Douglass, No. 29 Mayflower street, but she was able to find out nothing about the little girl.

Immediately upon learning Mr. Coughlin's address she engaged him by telephone, and after a short consultation left for Abington.

Mr. Frawley smiles grimly when asked about the case. He refuses to make any statement beyond saying, when asked a question regarding the child:

"The police of this town deny the report in one of the Boston papers to the effect that Mr. Frawley is a dissipated man. They declare that whatever his past may have been he has kept at his work and he has been temperate for more than a year, even when license prevailed here.

BOY KILLED BY GRAVE-STONE

PROVIDENCE, R. I., June 13.—Alfred Phillips, five years old, son of Ethan Phillips, of No. 15 Vesta street, is dead from injuries received while playing in St. Patrick's Cemetery on Douglas avenue. He was running across a grave he fell and struck the stone at its head. The stone being loose toppled over and fell upon his abdomen, pinning him to the earth.

WOMAN INJURED IN FALL FROM CARRIAGE

NORWOOD, June 13.—While alighting from her carriage in front of the office of her brother-in-law, William Fisher, in the Bigelow building, Mrs. Charles Fish fell and struck on the curbing. A physician found that her hip had been fractured. She was taken to the Massachusetts General Hospital in an ambulance.

The Best
Cook Book
Practically Free!

A book that is *now* in 400,000 American Homes.
A book that *should* be in *every* home.

The White House Cook Book is universally acknowledged to be the *best that was ever published.* No matter if you already own a cook book, you are behind the times if you don't own the splendid work compiled by the steward of the White House. There's as much difference between it and the other books on cooking as there is between this season's hat and one of five years ago.

Do You Want to Be Abreast With the Times?

Then act quickly. We have only a small number—*less than a thousand*—to distribute by this method. We will send you a copy on receipt of one dollar. And *we will also send you the Cosmopolitan Magazine for six months,* beginning with the July number.

That brings this very superior work to you practically free, though it was published to sell at $2.50. Of course you pay the express charges. The White House Cook Book contains 600 pages; 1,000 Helpful Hints; over 2,000 best recipes. It is bound in white waterproof cloth. It is about 10 inches tall, 6 inches wide, 2 inches thick, and weighs 3 pounds and 4 ounces.

Ever Hear of a Better Bargain?

The Cosmopolitan Magazine is one of the leading magazines. In fact, it has the *largest paid-in-advance* circulation among the popular magazines of to-day.

The White House Cook Book and the Cosmopolitan for a Dollar Bill

to those who know a bargain when they see it, and who are quick to seize a rare opportunity. That dollar should be sent to-day—*now* while you're thinking about it—if you want to own this matchless work.

Your dollar back if you are not wholly satisfied that this is a remarkably generous offer.

Fill in this coupon and send it with your dollar bill—*now*—to

The Home Company,
990 Eighth Ave., New York.

Cut off along the dotted line

The Home Co.,
990 Eighth Ave., New York City

Please send me the White House Cook Book (regular $2.50 edition) in accordance with your offer. Enclosed is $1 to pay for it, and for six months' subscription to the Cosmopolitan Magazine. I agree to pay the express charges.

Name .....

Address .....

B. A. 6-13-05. (Write name and address very plainly.)

YOUNG FOLKS STEAL OFF TO PROVIDENCE AND WED

WED BY "GRETNA GREEN" ROUTE.

Hyde Park Society Surprised by Quiet Marriage of Alice Norris and John Robertson.

Hyde Park furnished its eloping couple to be wed in Providence, when Miss Alice Norris, the eighteen-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George H. Norris, and John Robertson, twenty-one, stole away and were married in the Rhode Island city by the Rev. Mathew Meehan. The ceremony was performed last Saturday and the young people returned to Hyde Park Saturday night. Sunday morning they told the bride's mother of the wedding. They had been engaged a year. Mrs. Norris, mother of the bride, when seen by a BOSTON AMERICAN reporter, said:

"Yes, it is true that my daughter and Jack were married Saturday at Providence. They have been engaged for a year and were to be married in the Fall, but I suppose the engagement was too long and they decided to take matters in their own hands and go to Providence. It was a surprise to me, for I was looking forward to the wedding at the house. But it is all over now, and perhaps it is all for the best. The young folks are living with us and will continue to do so for a while."

The young couple are very well known in the town and both have a large circle of friends who were much surprised to hear of the marriage. Mr. Robertson was captain of the Hyde Park basketball team and in all branches of athletics took a prominent part. He is at present working in the office at the Mattapan Mills.

3,751 COMING ON THREE SHIPS

With the arrival of the Cunard liner Saxonia on June 15 and the White Star liners Arabic on the 17th, and the Canopic on the 19th, the high tide of immigration for 1905 will have been reached.

The Saxonia and the Arabic both sail from Liverpool. The Saxonia has on board seventy-two saloon, 104 second class and about 1,000 steerage passengers. The Arabic brings with her 110 saloon, 155 second cabin and about 950 steerage passengers.

The Canopic, hailing from the Mediterranean ports and the Azores, has on board the largest number of immigrants of the three vessels. She brings eighty saloon, 200 second class and about 1,500 steerage passengers.

FELL TO DEATH WHILE ASLEEP

By Boston American Leased Wire.

NEW YORK, June 13.—Carl A. Claussen, a wealthy commission merchant, doing business at No. 19 Whitehall street, and a member of the Produce Exchange for twenty years, met a terrible death early today by falling through a window of his apartments where he lived with his wife and son on the top floor of a handsome residence at No. 13 West 103d street, 6th street. His body was found lying on the pavement in the rear of the building, front of which he fell.

His wife is in a serious condition from the shock, thinks he was a victim of a nightmare.

WEDDED TEN YEARS.

William J. Fegan and wife of Brookline celebrated the tenth anniversary of their wedding at their home on Harvard street. A reception was held from 3 to 10, during which about two hundred attended to offer congratulated them. They were married in Brookline by the Rev. Rowen Thomas of the Harvard Congregational Church.

ARGENTINE ASKS POPE FOR A CARDINAL

ROME, June 13.—A petition has been sent to Pope Pius X. by the Argentine Republic hierarchy requesting him to appoint the Archbishop of Buenos Ayres to the cardinalate next consistory. The prominence which the Church of Rome has attained in Brazil tends to create a cardinal for Brazil has led Argentine to make the request for a cardinal. The Pope has agreed to take the matter under advisement.

SIGN MAKERS' BANQUET.

The Massachusetts Sign Makers' Association had its annual meeting and banquet at the Quincy House, Friendship street. H. Blackmer was re-elected. A discussion of "Trade Conditions" followed the banquet.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

PARTNER WANTED to take ½ interest in a paying office business; must be experienced; can invest $300 on earn $50 weekly. BARRY & CO., 502 Tremont.

CIGAR STORE—Old established, clearing $20 week; price $175. BARRY & CO.

RESTAURANT and Lunch for sale; on Main st; best location in Boston; owner makes; clears $50 weekly; $375. BARRY & CO.

SPOT CASH PAID (privately) for stocks, stores, and kind anywhere. Also 10 Tremont st.

17-YEAR-OLD BAKERY for sale; good business. 1, SEIFERT, 7 Cedar st., Roxbury.

JEWELRY.

GOLD, PAWNTICKET, for two single-stone diamond rings; to for $28, $10; for sale cheap. A 742, Boston American.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

TO LET—Three rooms for light housekeeping; improvements; price $9 a month. 20 Marshfield st., Dorchester.

TENEMENTS 2 to 5 rooms, separate toilets, $1.25 to $2.50 weekly rent; janitor. 10 Connolly st., next to East Lenox st., Roxbury.

DOGS, CATS, ETC.

COCKER SPANIEL—8 months old; puppies, 6 weeks old; very fine bred. Call or address GEO. CLARK, 216 Bowen st., Wollaston.

YACHTS AND BOATS.

SMALL SLOOP YACHT for sale cheap. Call Sunday afternoon. SCHNITZER'S BOAT HOUSE, 57 Marginal st., Chelsea.

RUBBER STAMPS.

WE manufacture all kinds of rubber stamps. UNION STAMP WORKS, 179 Washington st.

TYPEWRITERS.

SAVE MONEY—Good machines; write or call. TYPEWRITER EXCHANGE, 38 Bromfield st.

For Sale, Purchase and Exchange.

A HARVARD surgical chair, in good condition; never low. Address E 52, Boston American.

SEARS'S WILL GIVES ESTATE TO HIS FAMILY

Property Left in Trust for Five Years by Mrs. Sears, Charles F. and Joseph H. Choate.

REMEMBERS OLD SERVANTS

The will of the late J. Montgomery Sears, which was filed yesterday afternoon in the Probate Court, is a simple document, disposing of his property, real and personal, now estimated at $4,000,000, to the members of his immediate family, and making no public bequests whatever. The will bears the date of February 5, 1886, and two codicils are attached.

By the terms of the original will the household goods and equipment of the stables are left to Mrs. Sears. The remainder of the property is left in trust for five years, at the expiration of which time it is to be divided equally between Mrs. Sears and the children of Mrs. Sears. By a codicil made after the birth of his daughter, Helen, he provides that the estate shall be divided into three parts, one-third to go to each.

In case of the death of the members of the family one-third of the estate is bequeathed to Mr. Sears's first cousin, one-third to Charles F. Choate or his heirs, and one-third to Alpheus Hardy or his heirs. Mrs. Sears is appointed guardian of her son.

The executors and trustees of the estate named in the will are Mrs. Sears, Charles F. Choate and Joseph H. Choate of New York. It is provided that the trustees shall be exempt from giving bonds or sureties and from filing an inventory of the property.

The executors are empowered to fill any vacancies in their body and are particularly directed to remember old and faithful servants who shall have been in his employ for a period of five years.

The first codicil to the will is dated February 10, 1886, and provides that in case of the death of his wife and son before this date his estate shall, with the home, the farm at Southboro and the Summer place at Bar Harbor, together with the furniture, plate, linen and other appurtenances, shall go to Charles F. Choate; and in case of Mr. Choate's death it should go to Mr. Sears's natural heirs.

The second codicil, providing for his daughter, bears the date of April 27, 1893.

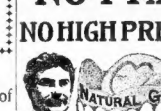
DISFIGURED BY JEALOUS SWAIN

LAWRENCE, June 13.—Inspired by jealousy, Raphael Mortinese, a young Italian, laid in wait at the Washington House at noon, and when Agnelina Sorelone, Miss at noon, and when Agnelina Sorelone, Miss a beautiful Italian girl who works as a swinger in the mills, came out to go home to dinner, he attacked and slashed her face with a razor and disfigured her for life. Mortinese then fled, but was arrested a few hours later by Providence, where he confessed to the assault.

900 DROPS
CASTORIA
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of INFANTS & CHILDREN.
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed
Alx. Senna
Rochelle Salts
Anise Seed
Peppermint
Bi Carbonate Soda
Worm Seed
Clarified Sugar
Wintergreen Flavor
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DOSES – 35 CENTS
EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.
In Use For Over Thirty Years
CASTORIA
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

NO PAIN
NO HIGH PRICES



DR. THOMAS JEFFERSON KING

Premier Painless Dentist, originator of the King System of Painless Dentistry, is the only painless all dental operations painless, and inserts artificial teeth without plates, absolutely painless. Dr. King's methods are the result of the late Dr. King's offices only.

Every dentist connected with Dr. King's offices is an expert in a special branch of dentistry, and nothing painful is done. Dr. King, the head, is a graduate of one of the largest colleges in Boston, and has had years of practice. He must be a graduate of one of the largest colleges in Boston, and has had years of practice. He must be a graduate of one of the largest colleges in Boston, and has had years of practice. He must be

WHOLE WORLD OF SPORTS COVERED FOR THE BOSTON AMERICAN BY ITS CORPS OF EXPERTS

EARL MOORE WILL FACE THE CHAMPS

BATTING ORDER.

BOSTON.	CLEVELAND.
Selbach, r.f.	Vinson, l.f.
Parent, s.s.	Hoy, c.f.
Burkett, l.f.	Flick, r.f.
Collins, 3b.	Lajoie, 2b.
Stahl, c.f.	Bradley, 3b.
Grimshaw, 1b.	Turner, s.s.
Ferris, 2b.	Stovall, 1b.
Criger, c.	Bemis, c.
Dineen, p.	Moore, p.

Umpire—Connolly.

Two days' absence from the diamond will put the Champs and Lajoie's larrupers in fighting trim for their argument at the Back Bay esplanade this afternoon.

The Naps are in a crippled state, with Bradley and Joss suspended, causing Nig Clarke to divide up the backstopping with Harry Bemis, and the latter is not in any kind of shape.

Lajoie is not the man to say that his team is weakened in the least and would not utter a word of complaint unless half his team were disabled.

The Cleveland fans are expecting a hoodoo to get after their team and are afraid that the suspension of two of the players is the beginning of trouble.

Last year the team met with hard luck, and it is rarely that a team that has been having the best of things coming its way does not get into trouble sooner or later, as was seen when the Champs had their slump last year.

The present leaders could not meet the Champs in better condition, and to-day and to-morrow will settle a lot of guessing as to the ability of the two teams.

Bill Dineen will shove the pellets over for the Champs, and he is pitching to fasten on another defeat for the Indians.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

HOW THE CLUBS STAND.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Cleveland	32	16	.667
Philadelphia	29	18	.617
Chicago	29	19	.598
Detroit	26	21	.553
BOSTON	20	21	.488
Washington	18	27	.400
New York	17	25	.405
St. Louis	16	30	.348

ONE YEAR AGO TO-DAY.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
BOSTON	30	13	.674
New York	29	18	.591
Cleveland	25	19	.561
Chicago	25	21	.543
Philadelphia	27	26	.509
St. Louis	20	27	.426
Detroit	16	27	.372
Washington	12	32	.190

GAMES YESTERDAY.

At Boston—Boston-Cleveland—Rain.
At Philadelphia—Philadelphia-Detroit—Rain.
At Washington—Washington, 5; Chicago, 9.
At New York—New York-St. Louis—Rain.

GAMES SCHEDULED TO-DAY.

Cleveland at Boston.
St. Louis at New York.
Detroit at Philadelphia.
Washington at Chicago.

Total attendance, 171 games, 1,140,545.

Earl Moore will not be the easiest proposition for the Champs, but he was never considered dangerous, and has walked the plank more than once when facing the Collins team.

This is a picture of Flick, the great outfielder of Lajoie's team. It was taken by a BOSTON AMERICAN photographer at the Huntington avenue grounds. Flick is keeping up his record this year, both at the bat and in the field, and is one of the most valuable Indians.

FLICK, CLEVELAND INDIANS' GREAT OUTFIELDER

FRASER MAY PITCH FOR TENNEYITES

PITTSBURG, June 13.—Encouraged by their first victory in six games, the Boston Nationals will strike all the harder to down the Pirates in the battle this afternoon. Robertaille is carded to pitch for the home aggregation, while Chick Fraser is likely to do the box honors for the visitors.

Fraser is in good form at present and hopes to down the Pirates should Captain-manager Fred Tenney decide to send him in to the firing line. Moreover, Robertaille is in excellent shape, and with these two crack artists at their best the playing should be interesting.

"Young Cy's" Great Work.

The work of "Young Cy" in the opening game has set all the local fans talking, as they expected that the Bostons, after losing four straight to the Chicago Colts, would be in dire need. Needless to say Young lived up to expectations. Boston was stronger than it has been for the past week, as Needham, the star catcher, was able to get back into harness.

While the game yesterday was close (4 to 3), it was free from exciting incident and sensational plays were few and far between. Batting honors were even, each side registering nine hits, but Boston managed to bunch three of its singles in the sixth inning, while only in two rounds did the locals succeed in bunching two hits.

Young made two good catches in right field, while Delehanty took care of a pair of difficult chances in his territory.

Young Fielded Well.

In addition to pitching effectively Young fielded his position in fine style. Abbaticchio and Tenney also came in for applause for making nice plays.

On the Pittsburg side Beaumont's catch of Needham's drive near the centre field fence was the one bright fielding feature.

Locals rooters are inclined to blame defeat on Umpire O'Day because he called Clarke out at the plate in the third inning, when Needham dropped the ball after it had been passed to him by Tenney. O'Day excused his blunder by saying that he did not see the ball drop to the ground and roll a distance of three feet before it was recovered by Needham. This ruling cost the Pirates two runs.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

HOW THE CLUBS STAND.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
New York	30	14	.720
Philadelphia	29	17	.630
Pittsburg	26	17	.605
Chicago	26	19	.578
Cincinnati	23	23	.500
St. Louis	19	27	.413
Boston	17	27	.386
Brooklyn	14	29	.326

ONE YEAR AGO TO-DAY.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
New York	29	13	.674
Cincinnati	28	14	.667
Chicago	26	14	.650
St. Louis	25	17	.595
Pittsburg	23	18	.561
Brooklyn	19	23	.452
Boston	14	28	.333
Philadelphia	13	31	.295

GAMES YESTERDAY.

At Pittsburg—Pittsburg, 4; Boston, 3.
At Chicago—Chicago, 5; New York, 3.
At St. Louis—St. Louis, 6; Brooklyn, 3.
At Cincinnati—Cincinnati, 3; Philadelphia, 2.

GAMES SCHEDULED TO-DAY.

Boston at Pittsburg.
New York at Chicago.
Philadelphia at Cincinnati.
Brooklyn at St. Louis.

Total attendance, 197 games, 1,005,113

GRANITE STATE RUNNING RACE COURSE CHOSEN

Special to the Boston American.

CONCORD, N. H., June 13.—Running horse races will be conducted in this State on an extensive scale next year, according to a statement of Andrew Miller of the New England Breeders' Club, incorporated by this year's State Legislature.

Andrew Miller of New York, steward of the Jockey Club, will have immediate supervision of the construction of the track, and associated with him as the board of directors will be Perry Belmont and R. T. Wilson, Jr., of New York City, representing New York interests, while Boston and New Hampshire capital will be looked after by men of equal prominence. It is expected that arrangements will be completed in time to inaugurate races by May 15, 1906.

A tract of land covering 400 acres has been secured by the club, near Salem Depot. On this will be constructed an elliptical track one and one-eighth miles in circumference, with three-quarters of a mile straightaway. Provisions are also made in the plans for a steeplechase course and club house and stables. A large force of men will be employed on the grounds all summer to push the work to completion as rapidly as possible.

MINOR LEAGUE GAMES.

CONNECTICUT.

Hartford at Bridgeport.
Holyoke at New Haven.
Norwich at Springfield.
New London at Meriden.

NEW ENGLAND.

Concord at Manchester.
Nashua at Lowell.
Lynn at Fall River.
Haverhill at New Bedford.

EASTERN.

Toronto at Newark.
Buffalo at Jersey City.
Montreal at Baltimore.
Rochester at Providence.

YALE SURE TO GET THOMPSON

Special to the Boston American.

NEW HAVEN, June 13.—Captain Jack Cates of the Yale track team stated to-day that he has a letter from Thompson, the big Andover football guard, in which Thompson says he is coming to Yale next Fall. A report reached Yale last week that Thompson was going to Harvard.

Yale has been planning to have Thompson fill the position of guard on the Yale eleven made vacant by the graduation of Ralph Kinney this month. It was a blow to hear that Thompson would go to Harvard and Cates, an old Andover friend of Thompson, wrote him in regard to the rumor

HART TO COACH AMHERST AGAIN

AMHERST, June 13.—A number of changes have been made in Amherst's football schedule since first announced. Amherst will play Vermont at Amherst instead of Brown at Providence, and Storrs Agricultural College at Amherst instead of Holyoke. The schedule, as revised, is as follows:

September 7—Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute at Amherst; October 7—Storrs Agricultural College at Amherst; 14—Bowdoin at Amherst; 21—Columbia at New York; 28—University of Vermont at Amherst; November 4—Holy Cross at Worcester; 11—Dartmouth at Amherst; 18—Williams at Williamstown.

Coach Hart, who has been so successful the past two seasons, has been re-engaged, and the prospects for a good team next fall are bright.

FRESHMEN WILL LEAVE TODAY

Harvard's varsity oarsmen left Cambridge for Red Top yesterday afternoon. The crew men left Boston shortly after 5 o'clock and were due to establish their headquarters on the Thames in time for their first practice row of the year on the historic course. The shells had preceded the crew and were waiting them on their arrival. Only the varsity eight and four-oared with substitutes went to the Thames yesterday. The freshmen will leave to-day, as their funds are a little short and they have to cut expenses.

Fourteen men made up the squad. They were the regular men in the eight—Captain Filley, Meier, Bacon, Lawson, Newhall, Flint, Tappan and Burchard—the regulars in the four-oar—Farley, George, Gill and Cayley—with Pleasanton and Rheinelt as substitutes. Coach Wray, Coxswains Chase and Montgomery, and first and second Managers Morgan and Whitney, with an examination proctor and a medical examiner, completed the squad.

When the special car bearing the crew left Harvard square there was a heavy rain falling, combined with disagreeable fog, which did not tend to help dampened the ardor of the undergraduate body, and not more than a hundred men showed up to cheer the crews off.

There was a considerable feeling at Harvard is not hopeless over the outlook for the crews this season. The showing after the Cornell race has done the Crimson heart a world of good, and all men are now rowing more effectively and with more vim than at the time of the race with the Ithacans. The four-oar is a combination that the Coach has put hard to beat, as is also the freshman eight.

F. H. Goodhue, '06, manager of the varsity football team; N. Kelley, '06, last year's manager of the baseball team, and G. T. Sugden, '07, assistant manager of the nine next season, were elected undergraduate members of the Harvard Athletic Committee for the ensuing year.

RYAN MEETS SULLIVAN AT DOUGLAS A. C.

One of the fiercest lightweight contests that has taken place in the East is on the programme at the Douglas A. C. to-night, and all the members of the big Chelsea Club will be in attendance.

Peter Sullivan, of Fall River, who has twice taken the measure of Jimmy Briggs, the pride of Chelsea, is one of the boys who will figure with Adam Ryan, who gave Battling Nelson one of the hardest battles in his career.

Both boys are the toughest kind of scrappers, full of the fighting spirit, and a contest bristling with steamy wallops and hard counters is sure to materialize.

Local fans have been wondering how such a fast-stepping boy as Briggs should be beaten by Sullivan in two straight battles, and have been wanting to get a look at his style, and now that the chance has come many will go to size him up.

He has not had the same amount of experience as Ryan, but to defeat Briggs showed that he had enough to go up against any kind of game, and a good account of himself.

It will also be Ryan's first appearance in the Hub, and his one desire is to make good here, which makes the conditions of the bout just what he likes.

Kid Carter says that he will put it all over Artie Mc Mahon in the semi-final, they meet in the first preliminary, and Kid Blair, the Cambridge boy, is endeavoring to graduate from the prelim ranks by beating Jack Mack of Bridgeport.

WHY SPITBALL IS HURTING PITCHERS

"I have been using the spitball longer than any other pitcher in the business," said Elmer Stricklett, the Brooklyn twirler, who is credited with being the inventor of this delivery, "but as yet it has had no bad effect upon my arm. It is claimed that several users of the spitball, particularly Jack Chesbro, who did such great work for the New York Americans last season, are suffering from the effects of using the delivery. While this may be true, I don't think that the spitball should be condemned or dropped on this account. The reason why the spitball may have a wearing effect on the arms of those pitchers is that they use it too much and do not know how to use it properly. It has long been a recognized fact that if a pitcher throws a drop ball too often it will ruin his arm, this having been demonstrated on many occasions, particularly with left-handed pitchers, who can throw a far drop than the right-arm flingers. It is the same with throwing the spitball.

"If a pitcher uses it too much and experts himself unnecessarily in throwing it he eventually will weaken his arm, for there is a greater strain to delivering a spitball than there is to ordinary pitching. Personally I seldom try to put any speed on the spitball. The drop it takes is quite enough to fool the batsman without putting any additional pressure behind to it. By using it mainly as a slow ball and not practicing it entirely to get speed on it effectre I have succeeded in going through several years the use of the spitball without having it weaken me in the least"

PULLIAM TO PAY BACK ALL FINES

PITTSBURG, June 13.—President Harry Pulliam of the National issued the following statement in regard to the decision of Judge Sheldon, of Boston, in the McGraw case:

"I much regret the outcome of the so-called McGraw litigation at Boston, not so much that it affects me personally or my future administration of affairs of the National League, but on account of the encouragement it gives to rowdyism in professional baseball.

"There were three clubs on baseball fields last week, one in the American League, one in the National League and one in the so-called Tri-State League. As a result of one instance the manager of one club is now under bonds in Criminal Court to keep the peace.

"In fining McGraw I simply followed the letter of the law as given me unanimously by every National League club lawyer, and if I was wrong in that case I was wrong in every case I have acted on during my three years' administration.

"Judge Sheldon in Boston held that the Philadelphian resolution was dead, for the reason that it was not re-enacted by the National Arbitration after the adoption of the new constitution. He held that under the Brush resolution as they have recorded them the game must be fined $10, with no appeal, but that if I took any further steps under section 28 of the constitution I must fine the players in a trial. I have construed under the Philadelphian resolutions as did Merriam, Reed and Brush, and as I am president of the National League I must abide by the law and John McGraw and another for Ban McFarland.

"In setting up Judge Sheldon's decision, on my return to New York I will request a meeting of the board of directors, and I shall ask them to define the sections of what vote for the remission of every fine levied on players under the Brush resolution where the penalty was more than $10, and I will mean the return to the following players of the following amounts: Bill Bernhardt, $20; Bill Bernhardt, $20; Warner, $20; Clymer, $110; Abbott, $40; Schreckard, $20; Wagner, $20, and Kelley, $20."

SAYS BALL PLAYERS ARE TOO WELL PAID

"Until there has been an adjustment of salaries in the minor league," said Manager Hanlon of the Brooklyn team, who also is president of the Interstate club of the Eastern League, "there will be little profit shown by the clubs of the various circuits in the National association. The magnates simply are strangling themselves financially by paying the exorbitant prices that now rule among the minors and it will require drastic measures in the way of reduction in players' stipends to put the minors on a paying basis.

"Take a team like the Baltimore, for instance. Our salary list is $5,000 a month—more than some big league clubs paid when the salary limit of $2,400 per man per season was in effect. And while salaries in the minor leagues have been advanced there has been a corresponding increase in patronage, consequently, the average of profit at the end of the year or season are excellent. We tried last Winter to have a salary limit of $3,000 a month per club established, but there was such a feud from owners and players that the plan had to be abandoned, and we are now paying salaries that are not justified by the receipts. But with the experience of this season will teach the minor league magnates a lesson they need and next Winter there will be a decided shifting of figures, especially when

Boston American Daily Home Magazine

DO MEN INFLUENCE WOMEN MORE THAN WOMEN INFLUENCE MEN?

By Dorothy Dix

DOROTHY DIX CONCLUDES THAT AS MEN FIX STANDARDS OF MORALS FOR WOMEN TO LIVE UP TO, AND AS WOMEN ALWAYS CATER TO THE LIKINGS OF MEN, THEREFORE WOMEN HAVE MUCH LESS INFLUENCE OVER MEN THAN MEN HAVE OVER WOMEN

FOR some reason that nobody ever tried to explain women are popularly supposed to have a monopoly on influence.

We hear a great deal about woman's sacred influence, but never about a man's.

We are never weary of prating about a wife's influence over a husband, but nobody ever says a word about the husband's influence over a wife.

We sentimentalize by the yard over a mother's influence, but we are silent as the grave about a father's influence.

Thousands of columns are printed in the newspapers every year about woman's influence in the home, but not a paragraph about man's influence is there.

One would think that influence was a distinctive feminine attribute, such as long hair or an eighteen inch waist, and the ability to influence people an essentially feminine talent, like the knack of being able to pass a woman on the street and tell, without looking at her, everything she had on and what it cost.

Is it really true that woman influences man more than he does her? Is it a fact that womans influence molds the home and society?

Women believe that their influence is paramount in the world, and the cleverest thing and the most selfish thing that men have ever done is to foster this delusion, for thereby they have given women the shadow while they took the substance and have washed their hands of all responsibility when affairs went wrong.

"You must not vote, for if you do you will lose your sweet womanly influence," men have said to her, and woman has been content not to vote, forgetting that the influence that is backed up by the ability to do things gains, and does not lose, in power.

Thousands of women have wrecked their lives by marrying drunkards, because they believed that a wife's influence was a sort of Keeley Cure that would keep a man from ever thirsting for a high ball again.

Thousands of broken hearted women are waiting and watching for a mother's holy influence to somehow get to its work, and bring back to them the prodigal sons and daughters who have disgraced them and deserted them.

Millions of devout and credulous women have been bringing woman's sacred influence to bear for, lo, these many years upon the drink question and the social purity question, and the intemperance and vice never flaunted themselves as openly and shamelessly as they do to-day. In the meantime, man has been preciously silent. He never talks about his influence over woman, or his influence in the home, or his influence as a reformer.

Children and Women try to keep up to the pace set by Men

But he does things, and the humor of the situation lies in the fact that while women talk about influencing men, men mold women as if they were clay in the hands of the potter.

A man does not marry a drunkard and disreputable woman thinking that a husband's influence will reform her. He refuses to marry any woman who has not a blameless character, and that one thing has kept women, as a sex, free from vice.

There are just as many women of immoral tendencies, just as many women with a craving for morphine, just as many with the gambling mania as there are men—for women are the daughters of their fathers and inherit their weaknesses—but the influence of man over woman has been strong enough to make her control herself and go straight.

Women's influence over men has never yet been strong enough to do this, and until it does women are not entitled to bring about their particular brand of moral suasion.

It is also man's influence, and not woman's, that keeps the home on a high plane. No matter what he may do himself, he has drawn up an ideal code of morals for the regulation of his home, and he sees that his wife follows them, or else he hauls her into the divorce court.

Woman's influence has never been strong enough over men to even keep them at home of an evening.

As far as the children are concerned, the most casual observation will show anybody that the father has ten times as much influence as the mother. The children defer to his opinion more than they do to mother's. Instinct tells them to know that he has a wider knowledge of the world.

They obey him better, because he has the voice and habit of authority. They have more respect for him, because he is not as easily "worked" as their mother.

It is unfortunately too true that the majority of fathers do not exercise their influence over their children to control them and to raise them up into being decent, law abiding men and women—which is the reason that so many poor, pathetic mothers have to depend on the weak, intangible power of a mother's influence to save their wayward children.

There is no question but that the discussion of which sex has the greater influence in moral questions. Men have already shown that they have the ability to institute any kind of reform they desire.

When they get ready to abolish drunkenness, and gambling, and vice generally, they will do in one minute what all the sacred influence of woman has never begun to do, and couldn't do, in all eternity of time.

Indeed, the influences of woman, taking it by and large, upon the masculine sex is so little, when compared with man's influence upon woman as a sex, that it is scarcely worth considering. The worst we can say of the myth of woman's influence is that it has gained such currency.

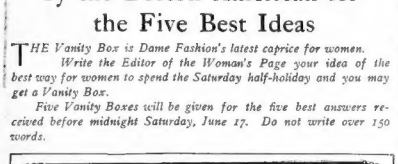
How to Spend the Saturday Half-Holiday "Well"

Five Vanity Boxes Will Be Given by the Boston American for the Five Best Ideas

THE Vanity Box is Dame Fashion's latest caprice for women.

Write the Editor of the Woman's Page your idea of the best way for women to spend the Saturday half-holiday and you may get a Vanity Box.

Five Vanity Boxes will be given for the five best answers received before midnight Saturday, June 17. Do not write over 150 words.



Two Views of One of the Five Vanity Boxes for the Five Best Letters on the Saturday Half-Holiday.

EVERY girl would like to own a vanity box.

THE BOSTON AMERICAN would like to know the best way for women to spend the Saturday half-holiday.

Now, the BOSTON AMERICAN has just bought five handsome gun-metal vanity boxes as dainty as they make them, in the newest shape, turquoise studded and fastened by a dainty bar, which is in reality a pencil. They have all necessary compartments, and have a mirror, powder puff and all the rest.

And these five vanity boxes will be given as prizes to the five women writing the five best letters on the way to make the best use of the half-day respite from work, which comes at the end of every week throughout the Summer months.

The BOSTON AMERICAN wants to know how Boston women spend their half-holiday.

How do they get the most pleasure and benefit from it?

One woman's pleasure may help another woman to solve the problem.

Anyway, everyone will be interested in learning what her sisters do with their half-day.

Workers can't work, shoppers can't shop, and in view of this what do they do?

Write the editor of the Woman's Page about 150 words and tell us about it.

Of course if you are an up-to-date woman you know what a vanity box is.

It is the latest caprice of Dame Fashion.

A vanity box is a receptacle for powder and powder puff, calling cards, car fare and postage stamps, and contains a mirror which makes the question answer the angle of milady's hat unnecessary. It is worn on a chatelaine or suspended about the neck by a chain.

The women who own one are happy. The others are envious.

Every woman wants one.

Five women can have their wish gratified.

You may be one of the five lucky ones.

NEW EGG TEST

THE purchaser of an egg has no ready guide by which he may judge of its age; and, as the term "new laid," employed commercially, has such elasticity that it may mean anything from a few days to many weeks, he is always at a disadvantage. A new and simple test has, however, been discovered by which the age of even a shop egg can be correctly gauged, the method being based upon its floating powers in brine.

Every one knows that at the end of an egg there is an air space, and that while this is represented by a mere dimple in a really fresh specimen, the space increases with age, and that extremity of the egg naturally becomes more and more buoyant.

A perfectly fresh egg will assume a horizontal position in the brine; when it is only from three to five days old the end tips up and its long axis forms an angle of twenty degrees; at eight days old it will assume an angle of forty-five degrees, at fourteen days sixty degrees, at three weeks seventy-five degrees, and when a month old it will stand vertically upon its pointed end. A scale is attached to the glass vessel in which the brine is held, so that the angle assumed by the floating egg can be easily read off.

SCARLET LIES

By X and Z, Authors of "Married to Mystery"

CHAPTER CV.—Continued

"WILL you guarantee," asked Darch, "that if I agree to your proposition terms you will bumble and crush Armstrong?"

"Certainly."

"And make Mary Armstrong my wife?"

"Most certainly. I think I clearly understand your position and your wishes. You love Miss Morley Darch, with a sudden oath. "I agree. What else can I do?"

Fergus Braine's little agate eyes lit up. "Good," he ejaculated. "Now we come to business. Let me know everything as minutely as possible. Place yourself entirely in my hands and implicitly follow out my advice. In the first place, however, let me remind you of one very important thing. Armstrong is defiant."

"I told you so."

"Yes, but he is defiant to a very extraordinary extent."

"How do you know?"

"I have seen him," answered Braine, blandly. "I saw him on board the Seafoam this morning. As a matter of fact, he wired to me almost at the same time as you did."

"For what purpose?"

"To force him from you."

Darch went very white.

"See that he succeeded in so doing," answered

GLASS EYE HAS GIVEN SIGHT TO BLIND MAN

Surgeon Inserts Artificial Lens and Now Patient Can See Well.

WAS BLIND FROM BIRTH

NEW YORK, June 13.—A remarkable surgical operation at the New York Eye and Ear Infirmary has demonstrated that the lens of the human eye can be removed and glasses fitted in its place that will focus the light on the retina as correctly as the original lens provided by nature.

The patient was Clarence Cosburn of No. 4410 St. Nicholas avenue. The operation was performed Monday, but will not be usual secrecy observed at such institutions the facts were kept from the public. Mr. Cosburn is twenty-seven years old.

The bandages have now been removed, and Cosburn for the first time in his life saw with sufficient distinctness to distinguish objects. He saw the daylight streaming through the windows and the physicians and hospital attendants hovering about his bed. Realizing that science had restored his sight, he gave vent to a cry of joy, which made known the surprise that their efforts had been successful.

Cosburn was born practically blind, and the cataract, which was accompanied by other complications, grew as he reached manhood, until sunlight was hardly distinguishable. He had expected to remain blind until the grave closed over him, but Dr. William Holzapfel of No. 174 West Eighty-seventh street became interested in his case through Miss Ethel Taylor of No. 21 Manhattan avenue and agreed to perform an operation.

The afflicted young man had been cared for since childhood by his brother Henry, who, until very recently, was janitor of the apartment in which the Taylors lived. Seeing Cosburn groping about the building some weeks ago, Miss Taylor inquired as to his condition.

"I have been almost blind all my life, and the doctors tell me that I will never be any better," Cosburn replied.

Her pity being aroused, Miss Taylor communicated with Dr. Holzapfel, with the result that the surgeon sent Cosburn to the eye and ear infirmary. The operation was declared to have been most delicate.

As explained by one of the distant surgeons, the first stages of the disease are usually found in children's eyes, where sight is hindered by an opaqueness of the lens of the eyeball. This is usually treated by making an incision in the iris and cleaning the lens with a liquid. In the advanced stage the opaqueness has had the effect of making the lens entirely hard, and it can be removed from the eyeball and a glass of equal strength placed before the eye. Cosburn's case was neither of these. Both lenses had become opaque, and one of them had solidified sufficiently to permit of their being removed with ease.

Dr. Holzapfel, in the presence of many of the most prominent specialists in New York, made a slit about one-sixteenth of an inch wide in the iris or colored part of the eye. Then, with a delicately constructed knife, he cut all around the tissue which holds the lens in position and removed it.

After the operation the eyes were bandaged and allowed to heal. Powerful eyeglass of proper focus was fitted to the right eye, with the result that the operation's success is assured. Dr. Holzapfel is confident that when a glass for the left eye is fitted Cosburn will be able to see almost as well as a person with ordinary eyesight.

WOMAN IN RED, SHIP MYSTERY

Wore Mask on the Majestic and Puzzled Passengers Did Not See Her Face.

NEW YORK, June 13.—A silent girl in a red mask, a red gown, red stockings, red French heeled boots and red coat proved a mystery on the voyage of the Majestic, which has just arrived.

Even at dinner and during her solitary promenades the unknown woman wore her bal masque costume. The only persons to whom she spoke were her maid and her table steward.

The lower portion of her face, the only portion visible, is pale.

The steamship list was looked on the saloon list of the Majestic as "Madame Bonge Dominic," but no one has been able to give her declaration the acting Deputy Collector told her she must keep it in mind, and it is on record in the archives of the Barge Office.

There was an angry scene between the girl and her manager and the chief of the local immigration boarding officer, who insisted that he must see her face and know her real name and intentions, because he was responsible personally for the women in the saloon passengers. He did not wish to be vanished, but if it could be done without injury he would tear the mask from her face.

The girl screamed, the manager protested and the trio entered a room in which the veiled woman disclosed her face to the inspector. She was said to wear a red automobile as soon as she had reached the pier. Mr. Longstreet and Samuel Weller of the New York Hotel Garden management met the woman in red.

The woman is a Russian by birth, came from home and whose relatives are opposed to her going there at this time. On one side of the domino is a golden crown.

She wanted to get to Chicago, but the landlord would not take her and said because she would not give her right name or remove her mask she found lodging at the Victoria.

POLICEMEN HAD 40,000 BUGS

NEW YORK, June 13.—"Look out! They'll eat you alive!" yelled Harry Hannon, a boarder, in a billiard room on the 129 West Thirty-eighth street, to a crowd of friends, as he dropped his cue and rushed for a window.

What's the matter?" cried a number of men, frightened at Hannon's warning.

"Didn't you see them?" Hannon asked. "See, there they come! One, two, three, four—five, 40,000 policemen, each leading a cockroach by a string!" and with a yell of fright he made another leap for the window.

Friends held him until the ambulance arrived and took Hannon to Bellevue Hospital, where he was detained in the insane ward. Soon much cooler, he declared he was sane. He was later removed from the hospital to the West Thirtieth street police station.

FAIRBANKS SENDS CHECK

WORCESTER, June 13.—A check from Vice-President Charles Warren Fairbanks as a contribution to the fund for the erection of a memorial to the late Senator George Frisbie Hoar has been received by Charles M. Thayer, treasurer of the fund.

HURLOCK AWAITS LEGACY TO GIVE 'SKIDOO' TO FARM

MR. AND MRS. HARRY HURLOCK.

HEIR TO ENGLISH FORTUNE AND HIS WIFE.

Lawyers Tell Him It Will Be at Least $50,000, and May Reach $500,000.

Special to the Boston American.

GREAT BARRINGTON, June 13.—Mr. and Mrs. Harry Hurlock are waiting in pleasant anticipation for the first instalment of the legacy left them by Hurlock's grandfather, which Hurlock's lawyers tell him may run up to $500,000. Hurlock is the man who declared, when he was informed of the legacy:

"I shall give the merry skidoo to farm living as I have known it. A stone crusher is the only thing that could prosper on this stretch of rocks that Berkshire people call a farm.

Hurlock has just returned from a trip to Bridgeport, Conn., where he went to get himself identified as Harry Hurlock, grandson of John Hawthornick, of London, Eng., the latter being the grandfather who left the money.

Speaking of the amount of the legacy, Hurlock said to-day:

"The lawyers have written me that my share will amount to $50,000 at least, and may run up to ten times that figure. I have nearly cracked my brain trying to reveal my grandfather. He was my mother's father. He objected to her marriage. She came to this country, and never told us children about her father, on account of the estrangement which then arose. I was a little 'tad' at the time my folks left the old country, and before I had much chance to learn about my grandparents my father and mother both died.

"For forty years I've tried to get a living out of this farm, and the struggle has nearly broken my back. Now I will straighten up a bit. I will get some help to do the farm work. I will make a darn good boss, I guess, for I know what hard work is.

"Mrs. Hurlock has wished for silks and satins, and she is going to have them now. She and I are going to take it easy."

BABY MAY STOP CITY BUSINESS

CHICAGO, June 13.—A baby may invalidate the city seal of Chicago and render illegal the official documents to which it has been affixed unless the seal was altered by city ordinance in April.

The ordinance provides for "an infant sleeping in a shell" as the design for the seal, and the whole question hinges on the position of the infant and the construction of the word "sleeping." The authorities have discovered that the infant is sitting upright with legs crossed and dangling. The question is, can a babe sleep in such a position, and it has driven Comptroller McGann to seek the advice of Corporation Counsel Tolman.

ONE OF VERMONT'S RICHEST WOMEN DIES

BURLINGTON, Vt., June 13.—Mrs. Arabanna R. Wells, widow of Major-General William Wells and one of the richest women in Vermont, is dead at her home here. Death was caused by heart disease. Mrs. Wells was born in Fitchburg, Mass., and was in her sixtieth year. Her maiden name was Richardson.

LABOR NEWS

ALLIED PRINTING TRADES UNION LABEL COUNCIL '96 BOSTON, MASS.

Michael Donnelly of Chicago, general president of the Amalgamated Meat Cutters and Butcher Workmen, is in this city for the purpose of pursuing an active organizing campaign. During his present trip through New England he has succeeded in introducing the meat cutters' label in several cities and towns, and will endeavor to introduce it in several independent houses in this city.

To-night he will address a mass meeting of the craft at Hatchford Hall, Wells Memorial Building. Other speakers will be President Peter W. Collins and Secretary Henry Abrahamit of the Central Labor Union and Secretary-Treasurer Dennis D. Driscoll of the Massachusetts State Branch, A. F. of L. President Maurice Powers of Boston Typographical Union and Workmen's Union No. 397 will preside.

KENNEDY RE-ELECTED.

Business Agent John F. Kennedy of Sheet Metal Workers' Union No. 17 has been re-elected by a large majority. John J. Hynes has been unanimously re-elected president.

The other officers chosen are: Vice-president, Frank E. Prudent; recording secretary, Louis Harrington; financial secretary, Edward F. X. McCarthy; treasurer, Harry O. Morton; trustee, Matthew Murphy; conductor, Ernestine Dunbar; warden, Joseph Mendum.

The conference committee reported that there were hopes of reaching an amicable settlement of the differences in regard to the new wage agreement.

INDORSES MALDEN TEAMSTERS.

The Malden Central Labor Union, by a unanimous vote of the delegates, decided to indorse the position of the teamsters locked out by the Malden Coal Company and by the J. H. Robinson Company, as said firms were unfair to organized labor.

DONATION FOR TEAMSTERS.

Chandelier Makers' Union donated $10 to the striking Chicago teamsters after appeals by Robert A. Calnhan of the Barbroiders' Union and Business Agent Tobin of Team Drivers' Union No. 25.

The union voted to notify the employers in regard to the general use of the label to go into effect September 1. The label has been indorsed by the Central Labor Union, Gas Fitters, Fixture Fitters and Hangers Union, Electrical Workers' Union No. 103, and all other labor or ganizations in Boston and vicinity.

ORGANIZER ROBINSON HERE.

For the purpose of thoroughly organizing the culinary craft of this city, J. K. Robinson of Wisconsin, general organizer of Hotel and Restaurant Workers' Union, is here for a month's stay.

Organizer Robinson of Boston Waiters' Union No. 80 has been called for Thursday afternoon at 2:30 at No. 1160 Washington street.

CIGARMAKERS ELECT TO-DAY.

Organized labor generally is deeply interested in the election of Cigarmakers' Union No. 97, which takes place in the different shops to-day, as Henry Abrahamit and Frank H. Moriarty of the Central Labor Union are opposed for re-election as delegates to the latter body, where they have served for a number of years. Abrahamit is also opposed for re-election as secretary of Cigarmakers' Union by Charles Krause, a Socialist candidate. The result will not be known for a day or two, as about 2,000 votes will be cast.

LABOR NOTES.

Cambridge Rubber Workers' Union will receive its new charter to-night at a meeting at Cambridge Central Labor Union Hall, No. 822 Massachusetts avenue, Cambridge. Several leading labor representatives will be present to address the newly formed union.

Laundry Wagon Drivers' Union will elect a permanent organization at to-night's meeting at Hodge Hall, corner of Washington and Hollis streets, Dorchester. President Peter W. Collins of the Central Labor Union and several other prominent labor leaders will speak at the afternoon session.

Delegates to the Central Labor Union will be elected at to-night's meeting of Electrical Workers' Union No. 104.

The new Iron and Brass Molders' Apprentices' Union will elect officers and adopt a constitution at to-night's meeting in Central Labor Union Hall.

President Peter W. Collins of the Central Labor Union will address the Piano and Organ Workers' Union to-night at Brodbine Hall, Dover and Albany streets.

Shows at Theatre and Park

FADETTES AND STRONG BILL AT KEITH'S

Despite the rain and the circus, Keith's Theatre was crowded last night. When the ever-popular Fadettes came on for their concert at 7:30 o'clock there was hardly a vacant seat.

The woman's orchestra is the headliner for the Summer season at this theatre, and the playing can hardly be improved upon. The programme this week, interspersed as it is with popular numbers, is one of the best that this organization has given. The musical menu for the week is as follows:

1. March ..... "Through Night to Light" ..... Lauken
2. Overture, "Oberon" ..... Von Weber
3. "Parade of the Little Lead Soldiers" ..... Myddleton
4. Airs from "The Fortune Teller" ..... Herbert
5. "Down South" ..... Myddleton
6. "Whispering of the Flowers" ..... Von Blon
7. Descriptive, "The Cavalry Charge" ..... Lothrop

Synopsis—Dawn before the battle; approach of the infantry; cavalry charge begins; the battle rages; cavalry in pursuit; infantry in control and the battle is over.

This is the farewell week of McIntyre and Heath. They give their old sketch, "The Man From Montana," which ranks as a blackface classic. There is more than mere foolery in the work of these two men, who have aroused and convulsed theatregoers for many years. To those who know the Messrs. McIntyre and Heath is a natural-born comedian, and the black-face characters that McIntyre and Heath have introduced to the vaudeville stage have always certainly true to Southern darky nature.

There are lots of other good things on this week's bill. Louis Wesley, late of comic opera, is to sing, but cannot. Much dancing is startling in these days when one supposes that every dance step possible has been invented and worn out. The Avolos, two men and two women, play xylophones, got merely pound them, and is a freak musical act that is really musical.

Paul Barnes talks a bit and sings some. His voice is friendly with the key very often during his songs, his line of talk, while a trifle "gory," is funny, and does not wear out his welcome. Nowadays lively ole acts are usually placed on the stage before the real show begins, and Paulton and Dooley's bit last night was unexpected, but well deserved. The biograph has a number of new views that are interesting.

'PRINCE OF PILSEN'S' 200TH TIME HERE

"The Prince of Pilsen" was given for the 200th time in Boston at the Tremont Theatre last night and attractive souvenirs were distributed to the ladies who attended the performance. Of course there was a large audience and it was an enthusiastic one as well. The piece seems to grow each successive time it is given older and its melodies and pretty situations become more delightfully attractive the oftener they are heard and seen. It is one of the most popular of all the Pixley and Luder's operas, and will undoubtedly continue to crowd the Tremont as long as it stays here.

CLEVER DANCER STILL AT LYCEUM

The Summer stock company at the Lyceum began its fourth week yesterday with the presentation of another entertaining burlesque, in which the various members of the company appeared to good advantage. Ethel Amerita Kelley, the clever little dancer, began her second week and again made a hit. Among the novelties in the bill are Mackie and Walters, Anderson and Graves, Ward and Raymond, Carlos and Cogan, acrobatic roller skate performers, and Fisher and Clark in a rough knockabout sketch.

ATHLETIC SHOW AT AUSTIN & STONE'S

The show this week at Austin & Stone's Museum is one of the most novel that has ever been offered at this place of amusement, and drew big audiences all day long yesterday, and the evening was pleased with their entertainment. The show is a sort of physical culture congress, and introduces a number of well-known athletes in poses and in exhibitions of strength. Including wrestling, boxing and bag punching. Among those who appear are Prof. Lambert, Young Sandow, Herr Jacobs, Dr. Roberts, Kelly and Lyons, Prof. Bartington and Lynch and Illley and White. Then there are many other features, and the vaudeville show in the theatre is a strong one.

MANY ATTRACTIONS AT PARAGON PARK

Although the weather both Sunday and yesterday was most unfavorable there was a large attendance both days at the Paragon Park at Nantasket Beach, and the evening electrical display was greatly admired. This week's programme is one of the big features. The bill this week includes the Fayres, trapeze performers; Clayton, Jenkins and Jasper, juggling lunatics, and the Eight Rafael's, trick bicyclists and comedians. In addition, there are many separate and distinct shows, including the Johnstown Flood, Colonel Casey's Wild West Congress, Mysterious Asia, with its dancing girls direct from the St. Louis Fair; the Geisha Japan, with its Geisha girls; the 20th Century Motion Picture Co., with its Ferris wheel; Martinod's hand glass act, and the Paragon Band. The afternoon and evening concerts will be given by the band now goes up to Boston at 10:40.

POINT OF PINES TO OPEN SATURDAY

There will be but little difference between the season of the Point of Pines Theatre, which opens June 17, 18 and 25, and the regular season, which begins July 1. Practically everything at the park will be completed for the 17th of June, and the bill of free attractions will be as good as at any time during the season. The electric light plant is now all finished, and the 1000 lights will be tested in insure perfect working order a few days before the opening. The landscape gardeners have so altered and beautified the grounds that they are hardly recognized as the same as last year. It is probable a new theatre will be built this season, the management intend to make Point of Pines the great park of free attractions.

SEASON NOW OPENS AT REVERE BEACH

Time was, and not so very long ago either, when threatening or rainy weather meant no people at Revere Beach, but there has been a change was indicated by the crowds that went to that resort Monday and yesterday. The reason for this change is plain to those who have followed the development of the Metropolitan Park Commission's plant at Revere. Although the structures that formed the first amusement enterprises at the beach five or six years ago were of cheap and flimsy construction, the shows and diversions at the beach to-day are all contained in substantial and safe buildings.

CASTLE SQUARE SUMMER STOCK OPENS SEASON

As the opening attraction of the Summer season "The Senator" was presented by the Castle Square stock company yesterday.

An old play, which, however, has not been seen in Boston for some years, it still possesses much power to please. As a picture of Washington political and diplomatic life the play has much to hold the attention of an audience.

Howell Hansel has the title role and he was supported in a company, many of them new to the Castle Square people, but quickly recognized as having Castle Square ability. Mr. Hansel remained well within the bounds of the strong character of Senator Hannibal Rivers.

Miss Mary Sanders, as Miss Hillary, a young society belle, was quite a debut. A member of the Castle Square stock company for but a few weeks, she has won the affections of the theatregoers, and her reception last night almost overwhelmed the little actress.

Frederick Murray, the new member of the company, gave a careful impersonation as Lieutenant Farragut, secretary to James E. Seeley and Lindsay Morison were also in the cast, while William Humphrey was closely followed Mr. Hansel in the character of the German consul, Marie Falls, Florine Arnold, Lucille Stanford and Alice Ilker are also in the cast.

E. L. Sander has the direction of the company for the Summer season.

NEW FEATURES IN "EARL AND THE GIRL"

"The Earl and the Girl" entered upon its fifth week at the Boston Theatre last night and new features added very much to the interest and applause. This show grows better right along. New material and fresh features are added every week and it is kept right up to date. There is much to be attracted about "The Earl and the Girl," and its features are pleasing to both eye and ear. The stage is tuneful and are well sung, while the stage pictures are both novel and pretty. The comedy is of the real laughter-compelling quality, and altogether, a visit to "Earl and the Girl" is a good way to pass a Summer evening.

AMUSEMENTS.

BOSTON THEATRE
LAWRENCE McCARTY.....Lessee and Mgr.
LAUGHING ROOM ONLY
The Best Musical Comedy Ever in Boston.
ONLY NOVELTY IN TOWN
Misses Shubert' Merry Comedy.
THE EARL AND THE GIRL
DON'T MISS THE GREAT SONG HITS!!
"Shooting."
"Good Enough for Me."
"Little Maidens in Pairs."
"Ladies' Man."
"Dear Old Broadway."
"Shooting."
and 20 Others.
NEW FEATURES EVERY WEEK
SUPERB CAST
80 PRETTY GIRLS
MATS. WED. & SAT.
Get Tickets Now for JUNE 17—Matinee or Night

Best Money's Worth in Town at Keith's
Concerts of Real Popular Music by
Fadettes Woman's Orchestra
and High-Class Vaudeville Continuous 1 to 11 P. M.

AMERICAN LEAGUE
HUNTINGTON AVE.
TODAY
AT 3:30
CLEVELAND
LADIES' DAY
PRICES—$1.00—75c.—50c.—25c.
WRIGHT & DITSON'S, 344 Washington St.
HERRICK'S, Copley Square.

Tonight in Boston Shouldn't Miss
REVERE BEACH
FIVE CENT FARE
The GOOD Attractions Are
Palace Merry-Go-Round, Rough Riders, Aerial Cars, and Steeplechase, Mystic Hill, Coney Island Hurdle, Aerial Cars, Carrousel, Museum, Theatre, Musical Rail-Way.
Boston & Northern electrics from Scollay Square, Bowdoin Square, Beach & Lynn stands. All Elevated trains connect with the above.

PARAGON
PARK AT NANTASKET
ADMISSION 10 CENTS.
NEW ENGLAND'S $1,000,000
WORLD'S FAIR,
30 SHOWS.
100,000 LIGHTS—20 ACRES.
NOW OPEN

NORUMBEGA PARK
High-Class Attractions of Every Description.
Vaudeville Covered Open Theatre Aft. 3:30 Eve. 8:30
Take Subway Cars Marked Norumbega Park.

COOK'S THEATRE SUPPER No. 2
Something New
Including the delicious Chicken en Casserole—a rich chicken gravy, with mushrooms, served with a delicious vegetable puree. Entire supper served for two $1—from 5 to 8 P. M.—Orpheum. Cook's Famous Restaurant—Avon St.—Opp. Temple Place.

Huntington Av. Show Grounds
Today at 2. Tonight at 8.
Every Afternoon and Night
THIS WEEK ONLY
Doors Open One Hour Earlier to Permit a View of the
$1,000,000 ZOO
RINGLING BROS. WORLD'S GREATEST SHOWS
375 Artists and Performers, Showing in 2 Rings, in 2 Stages, Aerial Rigging and ½-Mile Racing Course, all the Masterly Feats and Features of the Circus and Hippodrome by the Greatest Salaried Arenic Artists of Europe and America.
And the Superb 1200 Character Spectacle
THE FIELD OF THE CLOTH OF GOLD
The Most Lavish and Largest Amusement Feature Ever Devised, 1200 Characters, 300 Dancing Girls, 7 Chariots, 2500 Magnificent Costumes, and Completely Trapped Horses, a Whole Train-load of Scenery, Electrical Effects, Mechanical Scenery and Accessories.
ONE 10-CENT TICKET
ADMITS YOU TO EVERYTHING.
Children under 12 years, HALF Price.
Special Numbered Reserved Seats, Grand Stand, Including admission $1.00
Box Seats, Including admission $1.50
Reserved Numbered Seats, boxes and private boxes, at the usual agreement at KLEIN'S DRUG STORE, Dartmouth and Tremont streets. Same prices charged on Show Grounds.

24th Annual Race Meeting
—OF THE—
Country Club
Wednesday . June 14th
Thursday . June 15th
Saturday . June 17th
Six races each day, including two steeplechase events.
First Race Called at 2:30 O'Clock.
Take Cars at Dedham Square Direct Line of electrics from the Dedham Square Station of the Boston Elevated Railway. The Ipswich Street Line of cars connects with the Dedham Line at Readville, Brookline. This is the most direct route to the Club House.

AUTOMOBILES
Will be allowed in the general parking space in the polo field.
Reserved seats and private boxes in the new grand stand now on sale at Hotel Touraine and at the Club House.
ADMISSION, $1.00.
Music on each day by the famous
5th Regiment Full Military Band.

TREMONT THEATRE
Evenings at 8.
Last Week But One
201st Time in Boston To-night
HENRY W. SAVAGE Offers
The Standard Musical Comedy
PRINCE OF PILSEN
BY PIXLEY & LUDERS
—SUMMER PRICES—
Matinees Wednesday and Saturday at 2

Bass Point, Nahant
FAVORITE SEASHORE RESORT.
The Fast Ocean FAVORITE
Going Steamer
Will leave LINCOLN WHARF, foot of Battery St., Weather Permitting, as follows:
WEEK DAYS.—For BASS POINT, 9:30 A. M., 2:30, 5:30 P. M.
For NAHANT, 9:30 A. M., 2:30, 5:30 P. M.
Sundays.—For NAHANT, 9:30 A. M., 2:00, 5:30 P. M.
For BASS POINT, 9:30 A. M., 12 M., 2:30, 5 P. M.
Returning, leave NAHANT.—For BASS POINT, 9:30 A. M., 12 M., 2:30, 5 P. M.
Leave BASS POINT.—For NAHANT, 9:30 A. M., 12 M., 2:30, 5:15 P. M.
For NAHANT, 9:30 A. M., 2, 7:20 P. M. Return, leave NAHANT, 9:30 A. M., 2, 7:20 P. M.
Cafe, Theatre, Shore Dinners.
Single Trip, 25c. Round Trip, 45c. 15 cts. Special Excursion Rates. The Ferry Cars or I. Trains in Harbor Square.
NAHANT LINE, 30 Court st., Room 36.

EMPIRE THEATRE
Daily 2 and 8.
Empire Musical Comedy Co.
Second Week of the World's Greatest Musical Comedy.
The Belle of New York

CASTLE SQ. THEATRE
To-day 2 and 8
Castle Square Theatre Stock Company.
THE SENATOR
Revival After Six Years of Lloyd and Rose's Great American Play.
Prices—75, 50c, 35c, 25c, 15c.
Next Week—AS YOU LIKE IT.

AUSTIN & STONE'S
Scollay Square MUSEUM Admission 25c
PHYSICAL CULTURE SHOW
VAUDEVILLE IN THE THEATRE.
By Two Separate Companies.
Interesting novelty every hour, 10 to 10

BOWDOIN SQUARE
Every Afternoon at 2. Every Evening at 8.
LUCKY RANCH
Any Seat in the House 25c.
NEXT WEEK—"Who Owns the Baby?"

PALACE
BURLESQUE
VAUDEVILLE
LYCEUM Burlesque Vaudeville
Today 2:30 & 8. Tomorrow and Wed. 2:0 & 8.

HAIR GROWTH

Promoted by shampoos of CUTICURA SOAP and light dressings of CUTICURA, the p rest and sweetest of emollient skin cures. This treat ment allays itching irritations, destroys hair parasites, cleanses, purifies, and beautifies, and makes the hair grow upon a clean, healthy scalp.

HEARST'S BOSTON AMERICAN

WILLIAM RANDOLPH HEARST

80 AND 82 SUMMER ST., BOSTON, JUNE 13, 1905.

Says Cunning John Chinaman: "I'll Hurt His Pocketbook"

The Boy Picking Up Burnt Matches

In a listless way the sleepy Chinese Government wants to tear down the wall which has kept Chinese labor out of this country.

American trust owners, IN A MOST ENERGETIC AND FEVERISH WAY, want to tear that wall down also.

The Chinese are not especially anxious to send their coolie laborers over here. They want plenty of cheap labor at home.

But they want permission for their merchants, students and men of means to travel here freely. And they would like our Chinese exclusion to cease, on general principles, because it hurts their feelings.

The big trusts that employ labor are anxious to get the Chinese in here—they couldn't imagine a better club to hold over the American workmen and the American labor union than the Chinese coolie labor club. Besides, they could make the Chinese work longer hours for little pay—a heavenly dream for big labor employers.

In the Philippines the Chinese are being brought in to work for Americans to some extent, by way of an entering wedge.

There is a strong effort to put them to work on the Panama Canal as employes of the United States Government—another entering wedge. The trusts mean to have Chinese labor if they can get it. The American workman should bear that in mind.

China herself has gone about the thing in a new and intelligent manner.

The Chinese mandarin is keen. He has not failed to realize that the government of this country just now IS A GOVERNMENT OF MONEY.

He says to himself that money in America can do whatever it wants to, that if he can hurt or frighten MONEY, he will get what he asks for.

For that reason the Chinese Government is arranging to exclude American manufacturers from the Chinese markets.

With admirable intelligence it attacks the sale in China of Mr. Rockefeller's Standard Oil.

They are only poor Chinese heathen, but they are under no delusion as to the influence of Standard Oil over the United States Government.

They know that all treaties must pass the Senate, and they know that the boss of the Senate, Aldrich, IS THE FATHER-IN-LAW OF YOUNG ROCKEFELLER.

China, cunningly and patiently, has started in to hurt the American rich man's pocket, and thus tear down the wall which keeps the Chinese out of America.

The Steel Trust will be made to suffer, and the American farmer will be hit—he also has a vote.

It would be very interesting to see what happens, and whether the Chinese laborer, kept out by the American mechanic thus far, will be welcomed to American jobs when "big American money" begins to squeal for the Chinese market.

Meanwhile, as a little illustration of what Chinese competition means, here is a picture of Chinese life in an article by Broughton Brandenberg in the Cosmopolitan Magazine for June.

An American in China was hiring laborers for freight handlers. As he examined and engaged the various men, he allowed his pipe to go out frequently, relighting it each time, and each time throwing away the half-burnt match.

When he happened to turn around he found a small Chinese boy with a pleased expression. The boy had picked up the half-burnt ends of eight or ten matches, and was waiting hopefully for the next. He wanted to take them home to his mother for kindling wood.

There is no doubt that the Chinaman has the instinct of economy; he is a wonderful saver. The American workmen who want to compete with this young Chinese collector of burnt matches will be interested to hear that there is a probability of the trusts forcing admission of the Chinese, because they do not want to lose the Chinese markets.

It would certainly be a very fair exchange—FOR THE TRUSTS—if they could arrange to send all their products to China and get in return a flood of cheap labor that would break up American unions and compel American citizens to work for whatever they could get.

The Thief and His Friends

Does Honesty Count in the Upper World or the Lower?

Three or four days ago a notorious burglar died in New York. He had been reared as an honest mechanic, but the wages of his occupation seemed not to be sufficient for him, and he began to follow systematically a criminal career. His robberies put him quite at the head of what his friends were pleased to call his "profession." Indeed, Jimmy Hope, when he robbed the Manhattan Bank of something over two million dollars, achieved next to the greatest exploit in his calling which history knows.

He spent many years in State prison; possibly one-third of his life. He died, not exactly in poverty, but at least poor. But he died in the arms of his wife, with two sons sitting by his bed, and his body was followed to the grave by some thirty carriages filled with friends.

The story of Jimmy Hope and that recently published of Adam Worth, cracksmen both, suggest a curious difference in moral and ethical standards. Both were thieves. Both were married men whose wives were devoted to them. Both had children who knew their occupation and yet admired them just as the child of an eminent director of a dubious corporation in Wall street admires his father. Both had friends who stood by them to the last, even to the grave. And yet, as we have said already, both of these men made their living by theft. And the wives and the sons and the friends knew it.

It seems hard to understand the friendship and love that men of this sort should inspire. One would think that avowed criminality would estrange wife and son and friend. However, it has not done so among the people who break open bank vaults.

Apparently, also, it has not done so among those who enrich themselves out of the money paid by poor men into insurance companies.

WHICH ROAD SHALL HE TAKE?

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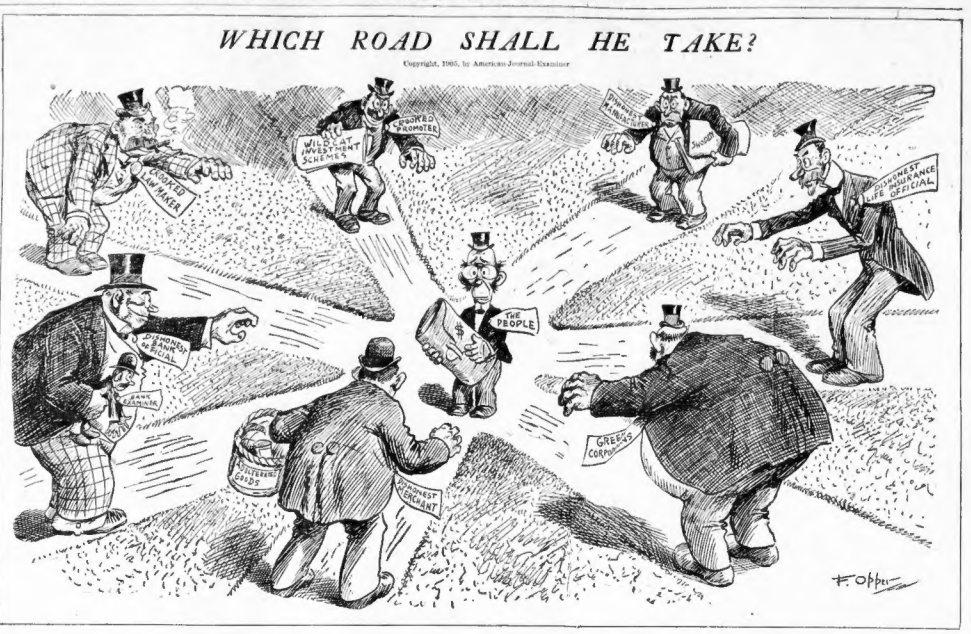

JUST KIDS

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"Don't put yer finger in de baby's mouth."
"I ain't afeared of his biting me."
"I wasn't thinking of dat!"

"Youse wanter take a look at dat kid, loidy."
"Why?"
"Why, 'cause he's de only kid in dis ward wot kin t'row a spitball, an' I'm his brudder."

"What do you want me to do with that?"
"I want you ter put me initiule in it so's nobody won't steal it."

"Oh, you cruel boys. Aren't you ashamed of yourselves?"
"Well, we've got ter do someting ter amuse de kid, ain't we?"

A Spirit Victory—Togo

By James Montague

Admiral Togo reported to the Mikado: "That we gained a success beyond our expectations is due to the brilliant virtues of Your Majesty and the protection of the spirits of your imperial ancestors, and not to the action of any human being."—News Item.

PRAY don't thank me, Your Majesty, for I would surely be,
With all my honored warships, 'neath the honorable sea,
Had I not been uplifted in the rolling roar of strife
By Your Majesty's most proper and quite blameless private life,
And by the Great Departed who with honored thoughtfulness
Attended this occasion and assured its great success.

Not the pounding and rebounding
Of the shouting shot and shell
Sank the honorable Russians
To a final fare-you-well;
But the smashing and the crashing
Of the dark torpedo hosts,
But the rapping and the tapping
Of your granddads' honored ghosts.

'Tis true we trained our rifles on the enemy with care,
And sent some tons of metal through the powder-blackened air;
'Tis true we lammed them freely with the means at our command,
But the barding shell was guided by a helpful hidden hand;
And the kindly, friendly interest that your dead ancestors had
In our honorable purpose put the Russians to the bad.

Not the whizzing and the sizzing
Of the shrieking melinite
Made the remnant of their navy
Quite a mortifying sight.
Not the banging and the clanging
Of our ordnance quelled their boasts,
'Twas the rapping and the tapping
Of your honored granddads' ghosts.

And your most resplendent virtues—ah! they helped to do the bis!
Because you looked not on the wine nor quaffed the creamy fizz.
The vodka-drinking enemy was crushed, and every flip
Or punch or cocktail you refused sent down a Russian ship.
These virtues, O Mikado! drove the Russians from our coasts:
These virtues—and the rapping of your honored granddads' ghosts.

Full wise is he that can himself know.

GEOFFREY CHAUCER.

Is the Dress Suit Doomed?

By Caroline

THE stronger sex have much with which to contend. The present style of evening dress, with its black sameness, is a thorn in the side of many a man.

It is only the bravest among the dudes who dares to vary the monotony of his dress suit with a gray waistcoat or pleated shirt.

Many wish the good old days of powdered hair and satin knee breeches would return. Then it was easy to distinguish the gentleman from the serving man. Now all this is changed, and the lord and master is compelled to wear the same style of clothes as his butler, or worse, the same as a waiter in a hotel or restaurant.

What a terrible vision this presents! What endless possibilities for stupid mistakes! At any time a waiter in a hotel might be mistaken for a guest, or worse, a guest might be taken for a mere waiter.

Any man is liable to have the same insult offered to him that Sherman Bell of Denver suffered at the Chamber of Commerce banquet given in Roosevelt's honor.

The story is that Bell has quit wearing his dress suit because he was mistaken for a waiter at the banquet above mentioned. Bell arrived late, and was on his way to his seat at the table when he was hailed by another guest and ordered to bring more butter.

Could anything be more trying than that?

What can be done about it? Won't some one suggest a way out of this difficulty for these poor suffering "gentlemen"?

Something should be done to prevent such hideous mistakes, especially when clothes make the man.

Some device should be made so that such insults might be eliminated.

A large brass button might be worn, engraved with the words, "I am a gentleman," or "Don't ask me for food; I'm not paid to come to this party."

But then a badge large enough to be of service would look like a policeman's badge, so that won't do.

NOW WHAT D'YE THINK OF THAT?

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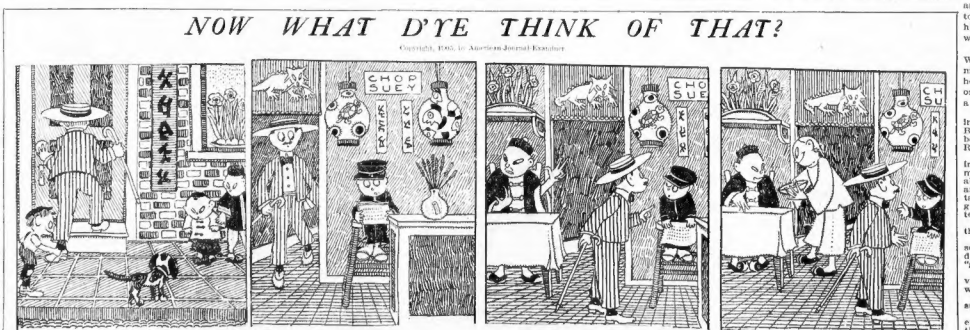

I went into a restaurant Of Oriental type;

I thought I'd eat a quiet meal And smoke a quiet pipe.

"Go tell the boss at once," I cried, "To bring me food and drink."

"He's busy now," the boy replied; "He's filling up a Chink."